

Weighing Indicator

WE2107

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Typographical conventions

For clear identification and improved legibility, the following conventions have been used in this documentation:



Important paragraphs are marked with a symbol to draw attention to them.

Italics Points out external documents and files

„AdJ → SEtuP" All menus and menu commands appear in quotes, here the „AdJ" main menu and the „SEtUP" second menu level.

„ENTER" Quotes and italics are used for keys, input fields and user input.

[tilt] All displays are shown in square brackets

EDP Bold is used for communication commands.

Er125 Underlined normal print is used for error messages.

Important information



Neither the design of the device nor any technical safety aspects may be modified without the express permission of Hottinger Baldwin Messtechnik GmbH. Any modification excludes Hottinger Baldwin Messtechnik GmbH from any and all liability for any damage resulting therefrom.

It is strictly forbidden to carry out any repairs and soldering work on the motherboards or to replace any components. Repairs may only be carried out by persons authorized thereto by Hottinger Baldwin Messtechnik GmbH.

The production number set at the factory must not be changed.

The transducer connection must always be assigned. It is essential for a transducer or a bridge model to be connected up for operation.

When replacing the battery for the real-time clock, the device must be disconnected from the power supply (→ section 25).

Safety information

- There are not normally any hazards associated with the product, provided the notes and instructions for project planning, assembly, appropriate operation and maintenance are observed.
- It is essential to comply with the safety and accident prevention regulations specific to the particular application
- Installation and start-up must only be carried out by suitably qualified personnel.
- Do not allow damp and dirt to get inside the device when connecting the cables.
- When connecting the cables, take action to prevent electrostatic discharge as this may damage the electronics.
- The required power supply for the device is an extra-low voltage (12...30 V) with safe disconnection from the mains.
- When connecting additional devices, comply with the appropriate safety requirements.
- Do not exceed maximum voltage levels when connecting external controls to the process inputs and process outputs of the WE2107.
- The ground connections of the supply, of the process inputs and process outputs, of the interface and of the load cell cable shield, must be interconnected in the device. If the potentials of the devices to be connected are different, suitable steps must be taken to isolate the signals (such as using an optocoupler).
- Shielded cables must be used for all connections apart from the supply voltage (see note below). The shield must be connected extensively to ground on both sides.
- The use of unshielded cables for the voltage supply is only permissible for cables with a maximum length of 30 m, laid inside buildings. If cables are longer or are installed outside buildings, shielded cables must be used (see EN61326-1).
- To compensate for potential differences, the metal housing of the WE2107M must be connected to the scale structures as well as to the ground potential of the connected devices by a low-resistance equalizing conductor. This is unnecessary if a potential difference of 35 V is not exceeded.
- In the device, the reference ground (GND) of all the signals and the supply voltage is connected directly to the cable shield connection but not to the housing.
- Connection to a wide-ranging supply network is not permitted as this often causes interfering voltage peaks to be coupled into the transducer. Instead, a local supply must be provided for the WE2107 (even when grouped).

- The front foil is made from high-quality materials, providing a service life appropriate to the external conditions. The keys must only be operated by hand; under no circumstances must pointed objects be used to press them.

1 Introduction and appropriate use

This Operating Manual contains detailed information both on operation and on the setting options of the WE2107 weighing indicators.

The WE2107 is designed exclusively for use in industrial applications, for example

- as a component of a non-automatic scale (NAWI) ¹⁾
- as a component of a non-automatic counting scale (not legal-for-trade applications)
- as a component for a process control system with 4 limit value switches
- as a component of a dosing / filling control system (filling, dosing, emptying)
- as a component of an application for tank weighing (filling, dosing, emptying)

Use for any purpose other than the above shall be deemed to be inappropriate.

In the case of legal-for-trade use, national legal and safety regulations must be complied with.

¹⁾ NAWI – non automatic weighing instrument

2 Special features

WE2107 weighing indicators are an amplifier for connection to commercially available strain gage load cells or scales. The load cell signal is amplified and digitally converted; all further processing steps then follow digitally in a microprocessor.

The WE2107 has available:

- load cell connection: up to six load cells of 350 Ω or minimum $\geq 58 \Omega$ loading
- one COM port for serial communication with a PC / PLC (RS232 or RS485)
- one COM port for a printer or an external large-scale display (RS232)
- 2 digital control inputs
- 4 digital outputs (limit value switches or filling / dosing control)
- analog output (4...20 mA)
- two function keys (user-defined)

The electronics are set and parameterized via keyboard or interface. The setup program *WE2107Panel* is used for this and is contained on the HBM CD-ROM, order no. *1-WE2107-DOC*, together with this documentation. A description of the command set is also included.

Additional features:

- accuracy in legal-for-trade applications up to 6000e (0.8 $\mu\text{V/e}$)
- usable as a one, two or three-range scale
- menu functions can be disabled / enabled
- filter selection
- maximum capacity adjustment, partial capacity adjustment, mV/V calibration
- zero on startup
- automatic zero tracking
- weighing range linearization
- 4 limit value switches with hysteresis
- alibi memory for adjustment parameters and weighing results
- different print functions with summation memory
- numerous monitoring and error detection functions

3 Mechanical construction and scope of supply

WE2107 (scope of supply):

- WE2107 weighing indicators in a **plastic housing** (ABS) with four glands
- 2 countersunk head bolts + plugs for wall-mounting
- Adhesive label for closing and sealing the opening for the calibration pushbutton and labeling strips
- 8 labeling strips for the scale data
- 2 COM ports (RS232):
 - COM1 for serial communication with a computer,
 - COM2 for a printer or an external large-scale display



Fig. 3-1: View of the WE2107

WE2107M (scope of supply):

- WE2107M weighing indicators (**panel-mounted device, stainless steel front**)
- Adhesive label for closing and sealing the opening for the calibration pushbutton and labeling strips
- 8 labeling strips for the scale data
- 2 COM ports:
 - COM1 (RS485, 2-wire) for serial communication with a computer,
 - COM2 (RS232) for a printer or an external large-scale display



Fig. 3-2: View of the WE2017M

4 Scale commissioning overview

The permissible supply voltage for the WE2107 is in the range +12 (18)...30 V_{DC} and must be adequately smoothed (rms value less residual ripple <1 V).

If the analog output (4...20 mA) is used, the minimum supply voltage is 18 V_{DC}.

A 100...240 V power supply unit is available as an accessory (HBM order no.: 1-AC/DC15 V / 550 mA). This power supply unit can be used without using the analog output.

When properly connected with shielded cables, the WE2107 complies with the relevant European standards and carries the CE mark.

Mechanical dimensions and mounting information are described in Section 26 (page 122).

Subsequent sub-sections provide an overview of the sequence of steps that needs to be taken to commission the scale, depending on the application:

- as a component of a non-automatic scale (NAWI, ¹⁾) → Section 4.1 (page 18)
- as a component of a non-automatic counting scale
(not legal-for-trade applications) → Section 4.2 (page 19)
- as a component for a process control system with 4 limit value switches
→ Section 4.1 (page 18)
- as a component of a dosing / filling control system (filling, dosing, emptying)
→ Section 4.3 (page 20)
- as a component of an application for tank weighing (filling, dosing, emptying)
→ Section 4.3 (page 20)

This overview includes information on the respective sections in this Operating Manual.

¹⁾ NAWI – non automatic weighing instrument

4.1 NAWI application (with / without limit values)

- Opening the device
- Connecting the load cell(s), Sections 5 (page 21) and 5.4 (page 23)
- Connecting the supply voltage, Sections 5 (page 21) and 5.6 (page 24)
- Connecting the digital inputs/outputs, Sections 5 (page 21), 5.5 (page 24) and 5.7 (page 25)
- Connecting the serial connections, Sections 5 (page 21), 5.8 (page 26) or 5.9 (page 26)
- Closing the device
- Mounting the device, Section 26 (page 122)
- Switching on the device, Section 7.1 (page 32)
- Calling the parameter menu via the hidden button, Section 8 (page 36)
- Enabling all menu functions, Section 8.5.10 (page 57)
- Setting the weighing range, Section 8.5.11 (page 59)
- Setting the correct filters, Section 9 (page 63)
- Adjusting the weighing range, Section 10 (page 64)
- Linearization (only when required), Section 11 (page 71)
- Settings for legal-for-trade applications, Section 12 (page 73)
- Setting parameters for the serial interfaces, Sections 8.5.5 (page 47), 15 (page 82) or 16 (page 91)
- Setting the date and time, Section 15.7 (page 89)
- Setting function keys F1 and F2, Section 13 (page 77)
- Setting the digital input functions, Section 17 (page 94)
- Setting the digital output functions, Sections 18 (page 97) and 19 (page 98)
- Disabling menu functions (as required), Section 8.5.10 (page 57)
- Filling out the labeling strip, securing the labeling strip, Section 12 (page 73)
- Checking settings and functions

4.2 NAWI application (counting scale function)

- Opening the device
- Connecting the load cell(s), Sections 5 (page 21) and 5.4 (page 23)
- Connecting the supply voltage, Sections 5 (page 21) and 5.6 (page 24)
- Connecting the digital inputs/outputs, Sections 5 (page 21), 5.5 (page 24) and 5.7 (page 25)
- Connecting the serial connections, Sections 5 (page 21), 5.8 (page 26) or 5.9 (page 26)
- Closing the device
- Mounting the device, Section 26 (page 122)
- Switching on the device, Section 7.1 (page 32)
- Calling the parameter menu via the hidden button, Section 8 (page 36)
- Enabling all menu functions, Section 8.5.10 (page 57)
- Setting the weighing range, Section 8.5.11 (page 59)
- Setting the correct filters, Section 9 (page 63)
- Adjusting the weighing range, Section 10 (page 64)
- Linearization (only when required), Section 11 (page 71)
- Counting scale function settings, Section 14 (page 79)
- Setting parameters for the serial interfaces, Sections 8 (page 36), 15 (page 82) or 16 (page 91)
- Setting the date and time, Section 15.7 (page 89)
- Setting function keys F1 and F2, Section 13 (page 77)
- Setting the digital input functions, Section 17 (page 94)
- Setting the digital output functions, Sections 18 (page 97) and 19 (page 98)
- Disabling menu functions (as required), Section 8.5.10 (page 57)
- Filling out the labeling strip, securing the labeling strip
- Checking settings and functions

4.3 Batching and tank weighing applications

- Opening the device
- Connecting the load cell(s), Sections 5 (page 21) and 5.4 (page 23)
- Connecting the supply voltage, Sections 5 (page 21) and 5.6 (page 24)
- Connecting the digital inputs/outputs, Sections 5 (page 21), 5.5 (page 24) and 5.7 (page 25)
- Connecting the serial connections, Sections 5 (page 21), 5.8 (page 26) or 5.9 (page 26)
- Closing the device
- Mounting the device, Section 26 (page 122)
- Switching on the device, Section 7.1 (page 32)
- Calling the parameter menu via the hidden button, Section 8 (page 36)
- Enabling all menu functions, Section 8.5.10 (page 57)
- Setting the weighing range, Section 8.5.11 (page 59)
- Setting the correct filters, Section 9 (page 63)
- Adjusting the weighing range, Section 10 (page 64)
- Linearization (only when required), Section 11 (page 71)
- Setting parameters for the serial interfaces, Sections 8 (page 36), 15 (page 79) or 16 (page 91)
- Setting the date and time, Section 15.7 (page 89)
- Setting function keys F1 and F2, Section 13 (page 77)
- Setting the digital input functions, Section 17 (page 94)
- Setting the dosing function, Section 20 (page 99)
- Disabling menu functions (as required), Section 8.5.10 (page 57)
- Filling out the labeling strip, securing the labeling strip
- Checking settings and functions

5 Electrical connections

5.1 Notes

Please observe the safety information at the start of this description.

The load cell and all the control and supply cables are connected by means of screw terminals inside the housing. The terminals are fitted with wire protection and the use of end sleeves is recommended, particularly for the load cell cables.

Connection terminals are identified on the motherboard by a short text or numbers.



All the ground connections are interconnected on the motherboard!

5.2 Cable entry

Four glands are available at the back of the housing to provide sealed cable entry. Round cables, between 5 and 7 mm in diameter can be used. The glands are used purely for sealing and strain relief. So the cable shielding does not have to come into contact with the gland (as it does for other HBM devices), but with the screw clamps in front of the connection terminals.



This also applies to versions with a steel housing (WE2107M) and is important for device EMC properties.

To minimize EMC problems, the individual wires from the end of the shielding to the terminal should be as short as possible. So avoid making cross-connections, such as from the interface cable to a switching input, and instead use separate cables in accordance with the terminal arrangement. A common cable should be used for the supply and the switching inputs.

5.3 Cable preparation

Remove the outer sheath to about 20 mm.

Shorten the braided shield to 5 mm and fold it back.

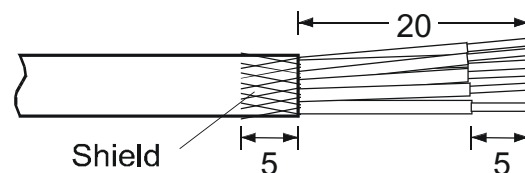
If necessary, remove the inner sheath.

Strip the wire ends to about 5 mm.

Run the cable through the gland.

Push the cable under the terminal clamp and screw it down, so that the folded over shield area is firmly held.

Connect the wires to the terminals.



Load cell connection	1. Bridge excitation voltage + 2. Bridge excitation voltage - 3. Signal + 4. Signal - 5. Sense line + 6. Sense line -
Process outputs	- Out4 Process output 4 - Out3 Process output 3 - Out2 Process output 2 - Out1 Process output 1 - Uext Power supply voltage OUT1...4 - GND Ground OUT1...4
Power supply voltage	- GND Ground - UB Power supply voltage WE2107
Process inputs , Current output	- I - Current output 4...20mA - I+ Current output 4...20mA - IN2 Process input 2 - IN1 Process input 1
Serial interface COM1/2	- Rx1 COM1: RxD (RS232) or TRb (RS485) - Tx1 COM1: TxD (RS232) or TRa (RS485) - GND Ground - Rx2 COM2 (RS232): RxD or DTR - Tx2 COM2 (RS232): TxD - GND Ground

Fig. 5.3-1: Connection positions (open housing, rear view)

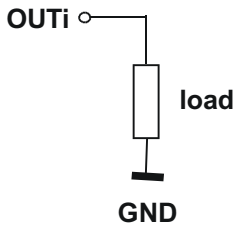
5.4 Load cell connection

Terminal	Board imprint	Function
1	Ex+	excitation voltage +
2	Ex-	excitation voltage –
3	In+	signal +
4	In-	signal –
5	Se+	sense line +
6	Se-	sense line -

Up to six load cells, each of 350 Ω , or minimum 58 Ω loading can be connected to the WE 2107. HBM provides junction boxes (type **VKK**) for connecting cables and for corner load adjustment for scales with several load cells.

The WE2107 is designed for a six-wire load cell configuration. When connecting four-wire load cells, use cable jumpers to connect terminals **1 with 5** and **2 with 6** in each case. If the load cell connection is incorrect or the sense lines are left open (terminals 1 and 2) the message Er 68 will appear on the display (see Section 24, page 117).

5.5 Process outputs

Terminal	Board im-print	Function	Connection example
7	OUT4	Process output 4 ¹⁾	
8	OUT3	Process output 3 ¹⁾	
9	OUT2	Process output 2 ¹⁾	
10	OUT1	Process output 1 ¹⁾	
11	Uext	Operating voltage (+12...30 V _{DC}) process outputs	
12	GNDext	Ground, process outputs	

¹⁾ High-side switch, high voltage = active (true logic),
I_{max} = typically 500 mA (electronically protected).

5.6 Operating voltage

Terminal	Board im-print	Function	Comments
13	GND	Ground	
14	UB	Operating voltage	+12...30 V _{DC} ²⁾ without analog output (4...20 mA) +18...30 V _{DC} ²⁾ with analog output (4...20 mA)

²⁾ The supply voltage must be sufficiently filtered (rms value less residual ripple <1 V).

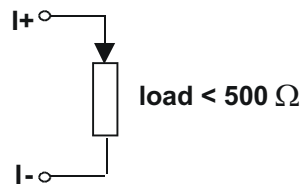
Connection to a wide-ranging supply network is not permitted as this often causes interfering voltage peaks to be coupled into the transducer. Instead, a local supply must be provided for the WE2107 (even when grouped).

5.7 Process inputs / analog output

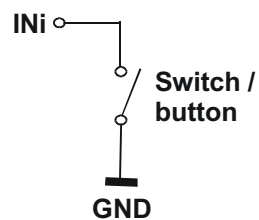
Terminal	Board imprint	Function
15	I-	Analog output 4...20 mA
16	I+	Analog output 4...20 mA
17	IN2	Process input 2 ³⁾
18	IN1	Process input 1 ³⁾

³⁾ Actuate by switching to ground, max. voltage 30 V, level: Low = 0...1 V, High = 3 V ...UB

Analog output assignment:



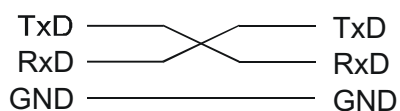
Process input assignment:



5.8 WE2107 - RS232 interfaces

Terminal	Board imprint	Function	Standard assignment of external device	
			RS232, DB9	
19	Rx1	Receiver COM1	Pin 3	
20	Tx1	Transmitter COM1	Pin 2	
21	GND	Ground COM1	Pin 5	
22	Rx2 / DTR ¹⁾	Receiver COM2	Pin3 / Pin 4	
23	Tx2	Transmitter COM2	Pin 2	
24	GND	Ground COM2	Pin 5	

¹⁾ defined by the COM2 protocol (parameter menu)



For communication with a external device:
cross over for TxD-line and RxD-line

5.9 WE2107M - RS232 and RS485 serial interfaces (2-wire)

Terminal	Board imprint	Function
19	Rx1 / TRb	RS485 line B COM1
20	Tx1 / TRa	RS485 line A COM1
21	GND	Ground COM1
22	Rx2 / DTR ¹⁾	Receiver COM2
23	Tx2	Transmitter COM2
24	GND	Ground COM2

¹⁾ defined by the COM2 protocol (parameter menu)

5.10 Comments

In all the housing variants, the reference ground (GND) of all the signals and the supply voltage is connected directly to the cable shield connection in the device, but not to the housing.

The metal housing of the WE2107M is not connected to the reference ground. To compensate for potential differences, the metal housing of the WE2107M must be connected to the scale structures as well as to the ground potential of the connected devices by a low-resistance equalizing conductor. This is unnecessary if a potential difference of 35 V is not exceeded.

Only high-quality, flexible cables with a shield must be used to connect the load cells. HBM recommends using these cables for all the WE2107 connections. For a connection that meets EMC requirements (EMC = electromagnetic compatibility), the cable shield contact of all the cables to the device ground must be low-resistance; the shield must be stripped to about 5 mm and the cable must be secured with the strain relief clamps.

Electrical and magnetic fields often induce interference voltages in the measuring circuit. Use shielded, low-capacitance measurement cables only (HBM measurement cables meet these conditions). Do not route the measurement cables parallel to power lines and control circuits. If this is not possible, protect the measurement cable with steel conduits for example. Avoid stray fields from transformers, motors and contact switches.

Connection to a wide-ranging supply network is not permitted as this often causes interfering voltage peaks to be coupled into the transducer. Instead, a local supply must be provided for the WE2107 (even when grouped).

6 Control and display functions

6.1 Device view

The front of the WE2107 comprises the following elements:

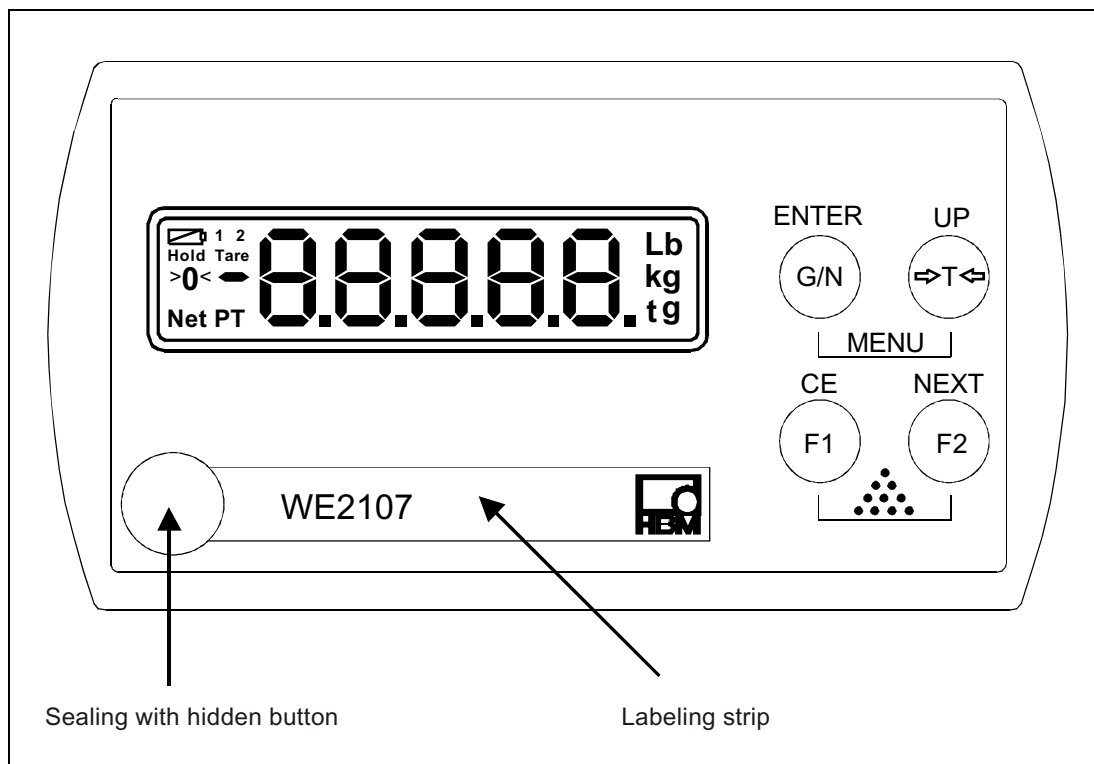


Fig. 6.1-1: WE2107 front

- Display window with a 5-figure digital display and special symbols.
- Four control keys for the scale and menu functions („G/N“, „>T<“, „F1“, „F2“).
- Hidden pushbutton for access to the Calibration menu. The pushbutton is accessed with a pointed object (when the label is removed). After calibration, the opening is sealed with the enclosed adhesive label or for legal-for-trade applications, with the calibration label. Device calibration is protected in operation and can only be changed once this pushbutton is actuated.
- Inspection window for inserting a labeling strip (for scale data, device name, etc.).

The glands and the grommets for the connection cables are located on the back of the device.

6.2 Operator controls

Each of the four keys has a basic function for scale operation, which is identified by a symbol on the key.

- „G/N” Key for toggling between the gross and net display.
- „>T<” Key for taring and switching to the net display or zeroing (press > 5 sec.).
- „F1” Function key, which is defined by the user in the parameter menu.
- „F2” Function key, which is defined by the user in the parameter menu.

The labeling above the keys indicates the second function of the keys during parameter input (menu guidance).

MENU function activation:

- press the „ENTER” + „UP” keys simultaneously
- Hidden pushbutton for access to the Adjustment menu.

6.3 Display

The display comprises the following elements:



Fig. 6.3-1: Display

88888.

5-figure digital display with decimal points for the weight value and for menu guidance during parameter input.



Symbol 1 and
Symbol 2

This symbol appears if the supply voltage is unacceptably low.

The meaning depends on the type of scale:

Single-range scale:

Symbol indicates an active limit value 1 or 2.

Multi-range scale:

Symbol indicates the current weighing range:

Range 1: Symbol 1

Range 2: Symbol 2

Range 3: Symbols 1 and 2

Setting parameters:

The symbols indicate the menu level:

1 = level 1,

2 = level 2,

1/2 = level 3,

1/2 (flashing) = parameter input/selection.

Hold

Hold function is activated.

tArE

appears when the net value is displayed (simultaneously with Net).

0

("true zero"): indicates that the measured value is in the $\pm 1/4$ d range.

NEt

appears when the net value is displayed.

Pt

(Preset Tare): appears when a stored manual tare value is used.

g, kg, t, Lb

indicates the valid unit of measurement (during standstill conditions).

Display illumination

The LCD backlighting is always on once the power is connected.

7 Basic scale functions

All device functions can be driven in one or more of the following ways:

- Front control with four short-stroke keys (of which two, „F1“ and „F2“ can be defined by the user)
- two programmable switching inputs (IN1/2)
- Connecting an external computer via the COM1 serial interface

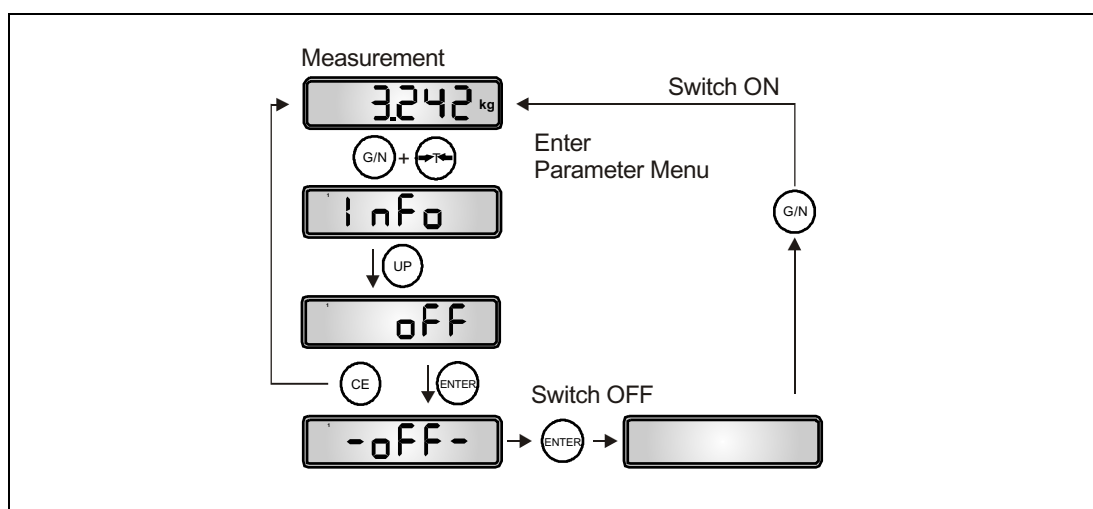
The keyboard directly controls the essential scale functions (Gross/Net, Tare, Set to Zero). A menu is called for calibration and for additional device settings. Scale operation is **not** interrupted during parameter input, right up to exiting the menu. When computer commands are used for control, measurement generally continues without interruption. The exceptions to this are settling after filter selection and power failsafe storage to the EEPROM.

7.1 Switching on and off

The device is switched on once the supply voltage is applied.

When the electronics are switched on, first all the display segments are triggered for 5 s. Then the software version (P7x) or the calibration counter ("check counter", only for legal-for-trade applications) are displayed. During this time, if the function is activated, zero is automatically set.

The scale must not be loaded when it is being switched on.



¹⁾ Switching ON with the "G/N" key

Fig. 7.1-1: Switching on and off

7.2 Gross/net selection

Every time the „G/N“ key is pressed, the selection changes between gross and net. When selecting the net display, the last valid tare value is re-used. It is only possible to select net after taring.

7.3 Taring

Pressing this key stores the current gross value and deducts it from all the subsequent weight values. So immediately after taring, the displayed (net) value is zero. The tare value can be read in the „InFo → tArE“ menu item.

LEGAL setting	Tare range, lower limit	Tare range, upper limit
not legal for trade	-100 %	100 %
OIML, NTEP	>0	100 %

The % figures relate to the nominal weighing range („AdJ → CAP“ parameter).

Execution is dependent on standstill recognition (Section 7.7, page 35).

Taring with this key overwrites any manual tare value that may have been entered previously (PT symbol is switched off).

7.4 Manual tare function

A manual tare value can be entered with function key „F1“ or „F2“ if this function has been activated (see Sections 8.5.8 (page 53) and 13 (page 77)).

When the "Manual tare" function is activated, the net value is formed by deducting a fixed tare value.

The „G/N“ key does not change the manual tare value that has been entered.

The PT symbol in the display indicates that the net value has been formed by deducting the manual tare value. This disappears once the Tare key („>T<“) is used for taring.

7.5 Initial zero setting

If this function is activated („Adj → SEtuP → AZero“ parameter menu), the unloaded scale is automatically set to zero when the WE2107 is switched on (range of zero setting device $\pm 2 \dots 20$ %). This takes into consideration the set standstill condition.

7.6 Error displays

The permissible display range depends on the nominal value of the scale and the set mode of operation (not legal for trade / OIML / NTEP).

Mode of operation	lower display limit	upper display limit
not legal-for-trade	-160 %	+160 %
OIML	-2 %	Nominal value + 9 d
NTEP	-2 %	Nominal value + 5 %

The percentage figures relate to the nominal weighing range (“CAP” parameter).

The following error message appears in the display when the measured value is

above the maximum display range:  (marks above)

below the minimum display range:  (marks below)

Additional errors are shown as three-digit code numbers (e.g. Er128). They should not occur in normal operation (see also Section 24, page 117).

7.7 Standstill recognition

The zeroing, taring, summing and printing functions are only executed if the value in the display is stable. This is known as standstill and is indicated by showing the unit of measurement. The condition for standstill is that the value changes by no more than a specific fluctuation limit per time unit. With fluctuating (wind) loads or a very high scale resolution it is quite possible that standstill will never be achieved. In this case, a more strongly damping filter or a lower resolution must be selected in the parameter setting.

The various options for standstill indication are selected in the „Adj → SEtUP“ menu, see also Section 8.5.11 (page 59).

It is also possible to switch off the standstill conditions (but not for legal-for-trade applications).

The zeroing, taring and printing functions are not executed if standstill is still not achieved 5 s after activation.

7.8 Function keys “F1” / “F2”

The user can define the function of both these keys (parameter menu / keys). Each key can be assigned two functions (short and long keystroke, see Sections 8.5.8 (page 53) and 13 (page 77)).

7.9 External operator controls

Depending on the configuration of the scale, the gross / net selection, taring and printing functions can also be controlled by external switches (for actuation from the vehicle, for example). The required function is assigned in the parameter menu (see Sections 8.5.7 (page 52) and 17 (page 94)).

8 Parameter menu

8.1 Calling the parameter menu

There are two ways to activate the parameter menu:

- press keys „G/N“ and „>T<“ simultaneously **or**
- press the hidden pushbutton

The difference is the access to the legal / scale adjustment parameters:

Pressing the hidden pushbutton gives access to the legal parameters of the first menu level („ScALE“, „AdJ“ and „F_AdJ“), otherwise these parameters are only displayed. You are prevented from calling the parameter menu if input IN2 has been activated accordingly (see Section 8.5.7 (page 52) and 17 (page 94)).

While the Hold function is activated about the keys F1/F2, the parameter menu cannot be activated.

8.2 Disabling / enabling menu functions

The parameter menu has what are called access levels (0...4). This feature is used to enable or disable user access to the parameters. Only those menu items that are enabled are displayed.

Access to change parameters is defined in the „ScALE → ACCES“ menu. The lowest level is zero. The „ScALE → ACCES“ menu is protected by the hidden pushbutton.

ACCES parameter	Access levels
0	0 only
1	0 and 1
2	0 to 2
3	0 to 3
4	all

8.3 Main menu

To make things clearer, the parameters are grouped into several sub-menus, which can be called from the main menu. It is also possible to manually switch off the device (see Section 7, page 31) and print out the parameters (but only if the printer interface is active). Certain parameters are not accessible in every mode of device operation, or are read-only. To make adjustments for legal-for-trade devices, it is necessary to actuate a hidden pushbutton, which is only accessible once the calibration label has been removed.

The parameter menu comprises the following items:

Access level	Main menu level	Explanation	Legal-for-trade parameters ¹⁾
0	„InFo“	Information	-
1	„Print“	Printing	-
2	„SEtPt“	Limit values / filling parameters	-
2	„SEtuP“	Filters/ manual tare value / counting scale	-
3	„UArt1“	COM1 for the PC interface	-
3	„UArt2“	COM2 for the printer / external display	-
3	„Prt_S“	Real time setting, print protocol settings	-
3	„inPut“	IN1/2 digital inputs function	-
3	„buttn“	Function for setting function keys F1/2	-
3	“tESt”	WE2107 test functions	-
0	“ScALE”	Basic scale functions	Yes
4	„AdJ“	Adjustment parameters	Yes
4	„F_AdJ“	Restores the factory settings	Yes
0	„oFF“	Switches off the device	-

¹⁾ Access only via hidden pushbutton

8.4 Navigation in the parameter menu

The parameter menu has three levels. The first two levels are used for structuring the menu. Parameters are displayed and entered in the third level. All four keys are used for navigation in the parameter menu.

8.4.1 Navigation in levels 1 and 2

Key	Explanation
„UP“	Previous parameter
„NEXT“	Next parameter
„ENTER“	Go to sub-menu / change parameter
„CE“	Back to the higher menu level or back to measurement

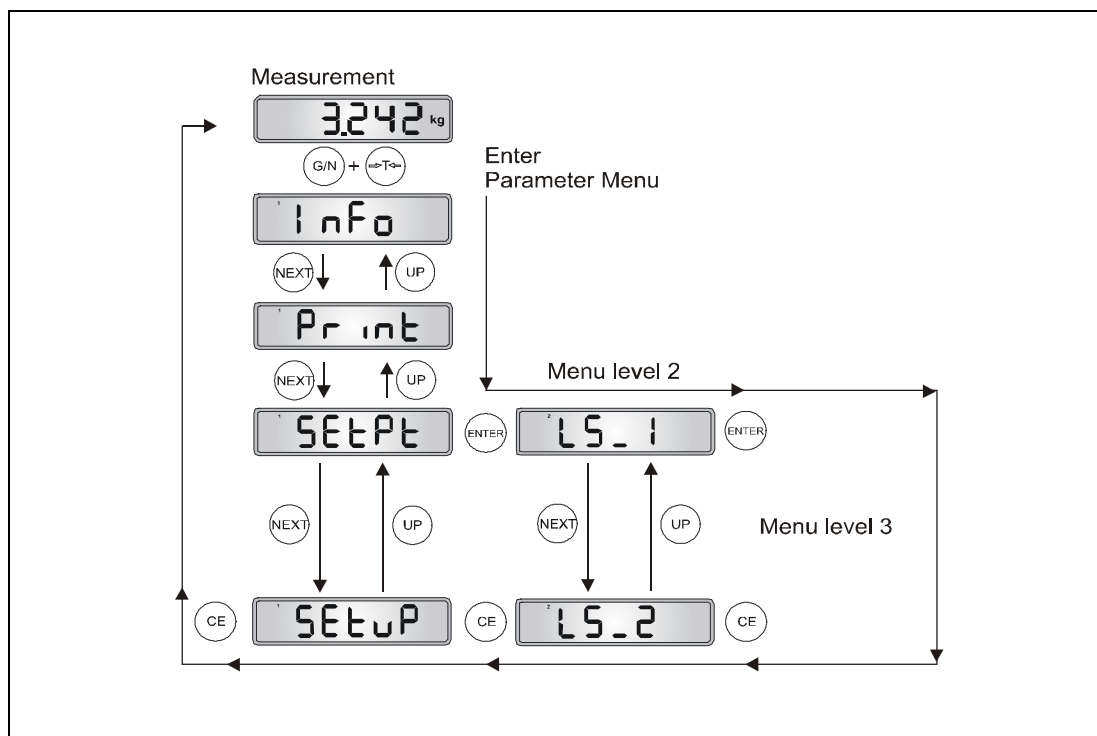


Fig. 8.4-1: Example of navigation in levels 1 and 2

8.4.2 Navigation in the third parameter level

There are four types of parameter access: D / S / M / I. The menu descriptions below explain each type.

Parameter or information display only (D = display):

Key	Explanation
„CE“ or „ENTER“	No change → next parameter

Parameter selection (S = select):

Key	Explanation
„UP“	Previous feature
„NEXT“	Next feature
„ENTER“	Stores new value → next parameter
„CE“	No change → next parameter

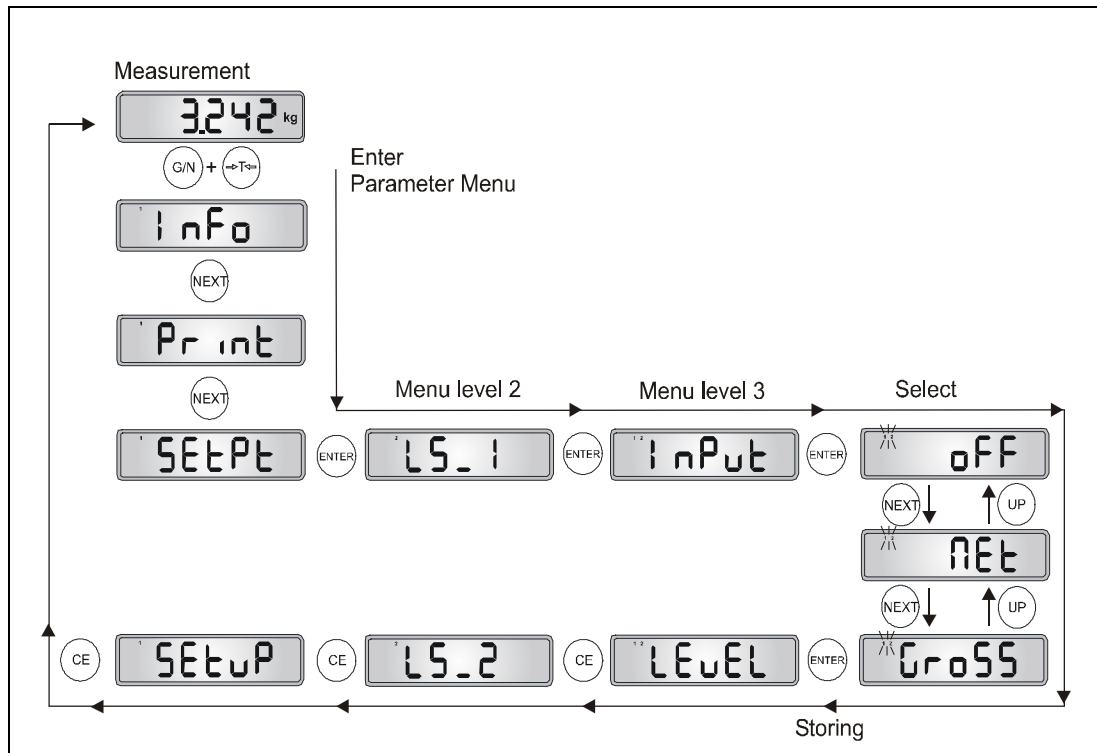


Fig. 8.4-2: Example - Parameter selection

Measurement function (M = measure):

Key	Explanation
„ENTER“	Stores new value → next parameter
„CE“	No change → next parameter

This measurement function is only implemented in the Adjustment menu („Adj → MEAS“).

Parameter input (I = input):

Key	Explanation
„UP“	Next number 0 → 9 → 0 ...
„NEXT“	Next digit position (from right to left)
„ENTER“	Stores new value → next parameter
„CE“	No change → next parameter

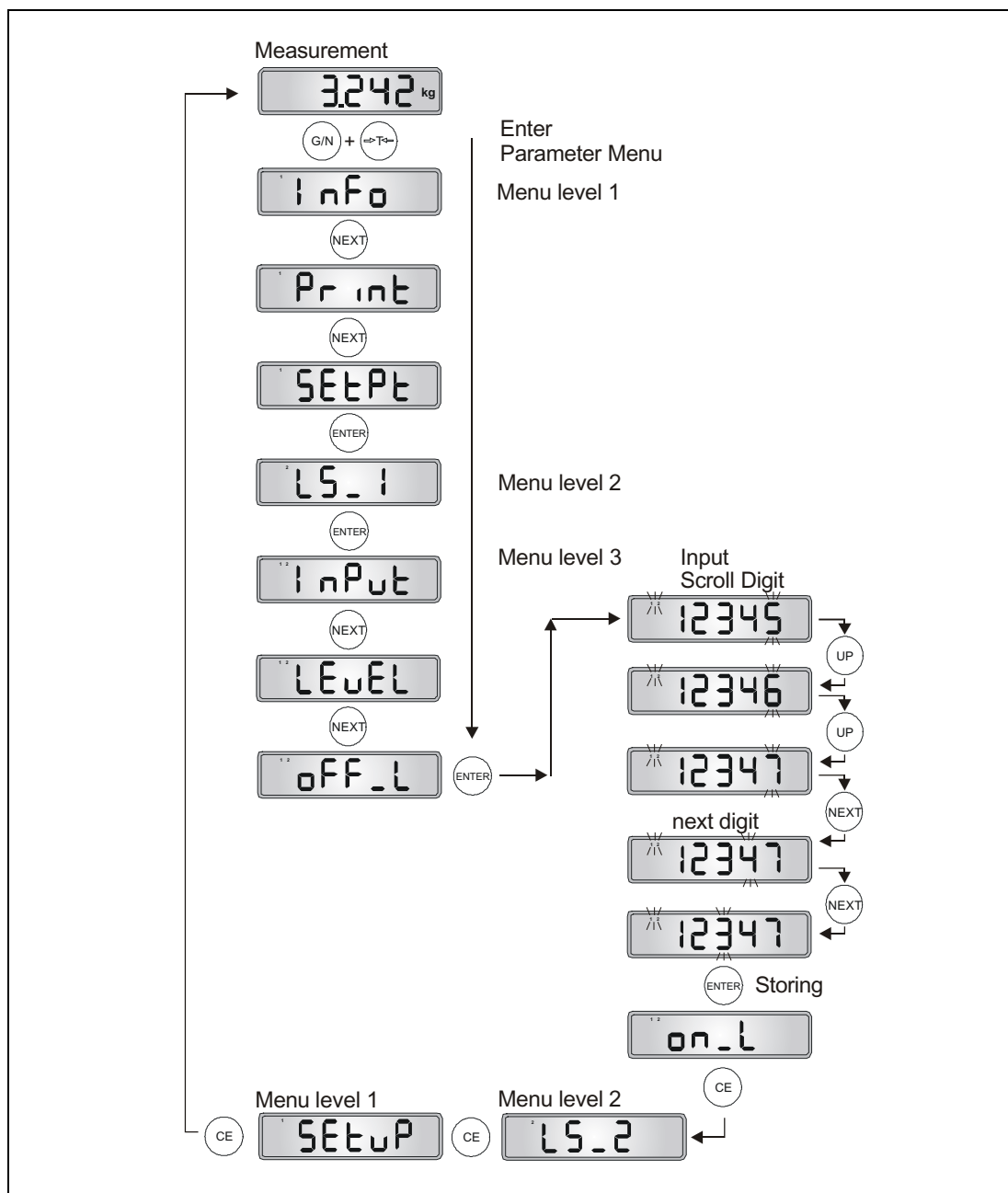


Fig. 8.4-3: Example – Parameter input (current input position flashes)

8.5 Full menu structure

The description follows the main menu sequence (for the first level, see Section 8.3 (page 37)).

8.5.1 Information sub-menu

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
0	„InFo →				Information display
		VAL →			Internal values display
			CALC“	D	Legal-for-trade counter Is incremented if the scale\legal parameter changes.
			tArE“	D	Current tare value
			ZEro“	D	Zero value
			totAL“	D	Total weight ¹⁾
			FILL“	D	Filling result
			Sv_nb“	D	Software version (7x, x = 0...9)
			F_nb“	D	WE2107 production number
		Error →			Error display
			AdC	D	ADC overflow counter (see Section 24, page 117)
			SEnS“	D	Sensor overflow counter (see Section 24)
			Error“	D	Last error code (see Section 24)

Parameter access types: D – display only, S – individual item selection, I – parameter input; M – measurement

¹⁾ The total weight has more than five digits. This display function first shows the first part (without the decimal point), followed 3 s later by the last part (5 digits with the decimal point).

8.5.2 Selecting a print protocol and starting printing

The Print function is only accessible if COM2 is activated for printing.

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
1	„Print →				Printing
		rESLt →			Results
			Prt“	S	Selects a print protocol (1...6) and starts printing. This parameter is also valid for digital inputs IN1/2 and for printing via function keys „F1/2“.
		PAr →			Parameter
			ALL”		Prints out all the parameters

Parameter access types: D – display only, S – individual item selection, I – parameter input; M – measurement

The menu is needed to start a printout if no function key has been activated for printing. It is also needed to select the relevant print function for a function key.

The print function is described in Section 15 (page 82).

8.5.3 Limit value switches and dosing/filling parameters

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
2	„SEtPt →				Limit values / filling parameters
		LS_1 →			Limit value switch 1
			inPut“	S	Limit value switch 1, input value: OFF/NET/GROSS
			LEvEL“	S	Limit value switch 1, output: truE / InvErt
			oFF_L“	I	Limit value switch 1, OFF level: ± 99999
			on_L“	I	Limit value switch 1, ON level: ± 99999
		LS_2 →			Limit value switch 2
			inPut“	S	Limit value switch 2, input value: OFF/NET/GROSS
			LEvEL“	S	Limit value switch 2, output: truE / InvErt
			oFF_L“	I	Limit value switch 2, OFF level: ± 99999
			on_L“	I	Limit value switch 2, ON level: ± 99999
		LS_3 →			Limit value switch 3
			inPut“	S	Limit value switch 3, input value: OFF/NET/GROSS
			LEvEL“	S	Limit value switch 3, output: truE / InvErt
			oFF_L“	I	Limit value switch 3, OFF level: ± 99999
			on_L“	I	Limit value switch 3, ON level: ± 99999

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
		LS_4 →			Limit value switch 4
			inPut“	S	Limit value switch 4, input value: OFF/NET/GROSS
			LEvEL“	S	Limit value switch 4, output: truE/InvErt
			oFF_L“	I	Limit value switch 4, OFF level: ± 99999
			on_L“	I	Limit value switch 4, ON level: ± 99999
		FiLL →			Filling time parameters
			doS_t“	I	Maximum dosing time 0=OFF; 1...99999 * 0.1 s
			EtY_t“	I	Emptying time 0=OFF; 1...99999 * 0.1 s
			rES_t“	I	Residual flow time 0=OFF; 1...99999 * 0.1 s
			tar_t“	I	Tare time 0=OFF; 1...99999 * 0.1 s

Parameter access types: D – display only, S – individual item selection, I – parameter input; M – measurement

The ON / OFF levels are relative to the set weighing range.

The process outputs are described in Section 18 (page 97).

The limit value function is described in Section 19 (page 98).

The filling time parameters are only displayed if the „ScALE → Func“ parameter is set to the dosing functions (FILL1/2/3).

If the dosing function is active, the limit value switch parameters are assigned to new functions. The limit value functions are switched off.

The dosing and filling functions are described in Section 20 (page 99).

8.5.4 Filter settings, manual tare value and counting function

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation	
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection	
2	„SEtuP →				Filters/ manual tare value / counting scale	
		FILt1“		S	Filter mode: 0 = standard filter 1 = fast settling filter	
		FILt2“		S	Filter bandwidth selection: 0...8	
					Standard filter: 0 = 25 Hz 1 = 8 Hz 2 = 4 Hz 3 = 2 Hz 4 = 1 Hz 5 = 0,5 Hz 6 = 0,25 Hz 7 = 0,125 Hz 8 = 0,062 Hz	Fast settling filter: 0 = 10 Hz 1 = 8 Hz 2 = 7 Hz 3 = 6 Hz 4 = 5 Hz 5 = 4 Hz 6 = 3 Hz 7 = 2,5 Hz 8 = 2 Hz
		PtArE”		I	Manual tare value: 1...max. capacity (CAP) 0=OFF (also see Section 7, page 63)	
		count →		I	Counting scale	
			Nb“	I	Reference number of pieces: 0 = counting scale OFF 1...999 pieces = ON	

Parameter access types: D – display only, S – individual item selection, I – parameter input;
M – measurement

Parameter FILt2 selects the filter bandwidth. A low bandwidth has a long settling time and should be selected for greater accuracy (see Section 9, page 63).

For batching/filling applications, the bandwidth should be in the range 0.5...4 Hz (depending on accuracy and filling speed).

Parameters for the counting scale function:

The counting scale function is controlled by function key „F1“ or „F2“. This function is only valid for non legal-for-trade applications („ScALE → LEGAL“ = OFF) and can only be used with non-automatic scales („ScALE → Funct“ = Standard).

The counting scale function is described in Section 14 (page 79).

8.5.5 Settings for the COM1/2 communications port

Port COM1 is used for PC or PLC communication.

This interface works with one stop bit and 8 data bits.

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
3	„UArt1 →				COM1 for the PC interface (network)
		Addr“		I	Network address: 0...31 (default: 31)
		bAudr“		S	Baud rate: 1200 / 2400 / 4800 / 9600 / 19200./ 38400 bd
		PArit“		S	Parity bit: nonE (none), EvEn (even)

Port COM2 is used for printer or external display communication.

This interface works with one stop bit and 8 data bits.

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
3	„UArt2 →				COM2 for printer or external display
		Funct“		S	Function selection: OFF - COM2 deactivated / P_dtr - printing, DTR-driven / P_dc1 - Printing, DC1/DC3 protocol/ E_no - external display, no protocol, output only E_dtr - external display, DTR- driven / E_dc1 - external display, DC1/DC3 protocol/
		bAudr“		S	Baud rate: 1200 / 2400 / 4800 / 9600 bd
		PArit”		S	Parity bit: nonE (none), EvEn (even)

Parameter access types: D – display only, S – individual item selection, I – parameter input;
M – measurement

The print function is described in Section 15 (page 82).

This menu item is only visible if the external display has previously been activated for port COM2.

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
3	„UArt2 →				COM2 for printer or external display
		...			
		EdSPL →			External display ON
			St_Ch“	I	Start character: 0...31 (0=OFF)
			Prot“	S	Protocol selection: 0...5: 0 = OFF / 1 = gross, net (long) / 2 = gross, net, tare (long) / 3 = filling result / 4 = gross/net (short, with decimal point) / 5 = gross/net (short, without decimal point)
			E_Ch1”	I	End character 1: 0...31 (0=OFF)
			E_Ch2“	I	End character 2: 0...31 (0=OFF)
			CrC”	S	Checksum: OFF/ON

Parameter access types: D – display only, S – individual item selection, I – parameter input; M – measurement

The output string for the external display is transmitted about 3 times per second.

The function for the external display is described in Section 16 (page 91). The string content is described in *Part 2*, the *Command* part (**EDP** command).

8.5.6 Print protocol settings, adjusting the real-time clock

This menu is only needed if the Print function is activated:

„UArt2 → Funct“ = P_dtr / P_dc1

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
3	„Prt_S →				Print protocol settings
		timE”		I	Xx:xx (real-time clock hours : minutes)
		modE“		S	Time mode selection: 24 h/ 12 h am 12 h pm
		dAtE →			Date, real-time clock
			dAY”	I	Day: xx
			month”	I	Month: xx
			YEAr”	I	Year: xx
		Init →			Print protocol settings, ESC sequences
			ESC11”	I	ESC sequence 1, byte 1: 0...255 (0=OFF)
			ESC12”	I	ESC sequence 1, byte 2: 0...255
			ESC13”	I	ESC sequence 1, byte 3: 0...255
			ESC14”	I	ESC sequence 1, byte 4: 0...255
			ESC15”	I	ESC sequence 1, byte 5: 0...255
			ESC21”	I	ESC sequence 2, byte 1: 0...255 (0=OFF)
			ESC22”	I	ESC sequence 2, byte 2: 0...255
			ESC23”	I	ESC sequence 2, byte 3: 0...255
			ESC24”	I	ESC sequence 2, byte 4: 0...255
			ESC25”	I	ESC sequence 2, byte 5: 0...255

Parameter access types: D – display only, S – individual item selection, I – parameter input;
M – measurement

Setup the time:

- setup the clock mode with the parameter 'modE'.
- Setup the clock with the parameter 'timeE'
- Setup the date with the parameter 'dAtE'

The difference in the parameter 'modE' for 12h mode is only to setup the clock at am or pm.

The first ESC sequence comprises parameters ESC11...ESC15. When ESC11 = 0, the first ESC sequence is not transmitted.

The second ESC sequence comprises parameters ESC21...ESC25. When ESC21 = 0, the second ESC sequence is not transmitted.

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
3	„Prt_S →				Print protocol settings
		IdEnt →	nb”	I	Print protocol counter: 0...99999 (0=OFF)
		Frt →			Format settings for the print protocol
			E_Ch”	I	Number of space characters in each line: 0...99
			E_Ln1”	I	Number of space lines before printing: 0...99
			E_Ln2”	I	Number of space lines after the protocol: 0...99

Parameter access types: D – display only, S – individual item selection, I – parameter input; M – measurement

The print function is described in Section 15 (page 82).

8.5.7 Function of digital inputs IN1 and IN2

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
3	„inPut →				Function of digital inputs IN1/2, when „ScALE → Funct” = StAnd
		inP_1“		S	Input 1: oFF - no function / tArE - performs taring and selects the NET display / Prt - Prints a protocol, selected via the „Print → Result → Prt“ parameter / tilt - Digital tilt sensor input (displays [tilt], when activated)
		inP_2“		S	Input 2: oFF - no function / tArE - performs taring and selects the NET display / Prt - Prints a protocol, selected via the „Print → Result → Prt“ parameter / Loc_P - no access to parameter changing (display only) input for a key-switch
		t_dLY“		I	Tilt delay time (0...99) * 100 ms

Parameter access types: D – display only, S – individual item selection, I – parameter input;
M – measurement

The functions of the process outputs are described in Section 17 (page 94).

InP_1/InP_2 = tArE (function of inputs IN1/2 with tare function):

This function is only active if the scale function is not set to the dosing function (see basic scale functions sub-menu).

InP_2 = Lock Parameter:

If this function is set and the input is activated, keys „G“/„N“ and Tare are locked. This also locks the entire parameter menu. Function keys „F1“/„F2“ can be executed.

8.5.8 Function of keys F1 and F2

Each function key can have two different functions:

short keystroke or

long keystroke (> 5 s).

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
3	„buttn →				Function keys „F1“/„F2“
		F1“		S	„F1“ (short), see below
		F1_L“		S	„F1“ (long), see below
		F2“		S	„F2“ (short), see below
		F2_L“		S	„F2“ (long), see below

Parameter access types: D – display only, S – individual item selection, I – parameter input; M – measurement

If the function is activated, when the relevant „F1“/„F2“ key is pressed in measuring mode, the corresponding function is briefly displayed.

Function F1 or F2 (short keystroke)	
Description	Display
No function	---
Display actual measured value total (gross, net, counting)	totAL
Counting scale ON/OFF	C_on
Counting scale: Input number of reference pieces and measure reference pieces	C_inP
Print protocol PRT01...06, defined in the parameter menu „Print → rESLt → Prt“	Prt_x
Display ten-fold resolution of gross value, for 5 s	rES10
Input manual tare value	PtArE
Hold display value ON/OFF	HoLd
Display / input filling weight (dosing function)	F_InP
Display / input filling result (dosing function)	FILL
Start/stop dosing (dosing function)	St_dO
Display / input limit switch LS_1 → on_L (on level)	LS_1
Calculate total weight: SUM := SUM + Gross--value	AddG
Calculate total weight: SUM := SUM + NET-value	Addn
Calculate total weight: SUM := SUM + Counting result	AddC

Do not use the function 'calculate total weight' if the dosing / filling function is active.

While the Hold function is activated about the keys F1/F2, the parameter menu cannot be activated.

Function F1 or F2 (long keystroke, > 5 s)	
Description	Display
No function	---
Display actual measured value total (gross, net, counting)	totAL
Counting scale ON/OFF	C_on
Counting scale: Input number of reference pieces and measure reference pieces	C_inP
Print protocol PRT01...06, defined in parameter menu „Print → rESLt → Prt“	Prt_x
Display ten-fold resolution of gross value, for 5 s	rES10
Input manual tare value	PtArE
Hold display value ON/OFF	HoLd
Display / input filling weight (dosing function)	F_InP
Display / input filling result (dosing function)	FILL
Start/stop dosing (dosing function)	St_dO
Start/stop tank filling	St_FL
Start/stop tank emptying	St_EP
Clear total weight (SUM:=0)	CLr_S

8.5.9 Test functions

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
3	„tEst →				Test functions
		diSPL“		S	Display, LCD segments ON/OFF, controlled by „NEXT“ button
		UArt“		S	Transmit 55 _{Hex} , display received character for both COM ports, display left two digits COM1, right two digits COM2.
		d_IO“		S	Digital inputs / outputs, left digit shows status of IN1 (0/1), Digit 3 shows status of IN2 (0/1), right digit shows output (1...4) = 0/1, switched by „NEXT“ button
		EEPro“		S	Checksum check in EEPROM: Shows the result: 0 = error, 1 = OK
		buttn“		I	Four key test: Display 0/1 of 3 keys Left digit = „G/N“, „>T<“, „F2“, „F1“=„CE“ abort test

Parameter access types: D – display only, S – individual item selection, I – parameter input;
M – measurement

Test functions are designed to check the WE2107.



While these functions are running, measured valve processing and monitoring are switched off. The tests must only be performed by specially trained service personnel.

8.5.10 Basic scale function, menu access selection and legal-for-trade operation

This function can only be executed when the hidden pushbutton (for calling the parameter menu) is pressed.

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
0	„ScALE →				Basic scale functions
		Funct“		S	Basic scale function selection: StAnd - non-automatic scale/ FILL1 - Dosing function/ FILL2 - Tank weighing /Fill 1 / FILL3 - Tank weighing /Fill 2 /
		ACCES“		S	Menu access level selection: 0...4
		LEGAL“		S	Legal-for-trade operation: OFF / OIML / NTEP See Section 12 (page 73)

Parameter access types: D – display only, S – individual item selection, I – parameter input; M – measurement

Funct parameter:

Standard (StAnd): non-automatic scale (NAWI) with/without limit value switches, counting scale

FILL1,2,3: Filling and dosing function (see Section 20, page 99)

ACCES parameter:

The various menu levels have what are called access levels. Parameter „ScALE → ACCES“ is used to define the access for changing parameters. The lowest level is zero. This feature is used to define user access to the parameters. The „ScALE → ACCES“ parameter is protected by the hidden pushbutton. The first parameter description column shows the relevant access level of each item in the main menu.

ACCES parameter	Access levels
0	0 only
1	0 and 1
2	0 to 2
3	0 to 3
4	all

LEGAL parameter:

LEGAL setting	Display, lower limit value	Display, upper limit value
not legal for trade	-160 %	160 %
OIML	-2 %	CAP + 9 d
NTEP	-2 %	105 %

LEGAL setting	Tare range, lower limit	Tare range, upper limit
not legal for trade	-100 %	100 %
OIML, NTEP	>0	100 %

The % figures relate to the nominal weighing range („Adj → CAP“ parameter)

Each time this parameter is changed, the legal-for-trade counter is incremented. This is displayed in the Information sub-menu.

8.5.11 Setting and adjusting the scale

This function can only be executed when the hidden pushbutton (for calling the parameter menu) is pressed.

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
4	„AdJ →				Scale adjustment parameters
		SEtUP →			
			UnIt”	S	Unit selection: OFF / g / kg / t / lbs
			AZEro“	S	Zero on startup: O F F / $\pm$ 2 / 5 / 10 / 20
			ZtrAc”	S	Automatic zero tracking: OFF / ON (0,5 d/s)
			StiLL”	S	Standstill monitoring: $\pm$ OFF / 0,5 / 1 / 2 / 5 d/s
			rES”	S	Increment: 1 / 2 / 5 / 10 / 20 / 50 d
			Point“	S	Decimal point: 0 = xxxxx. 1 = xxxx.x 2 = xxx.xx 3 = xx.xxx 4 = x.xxxx
			CAP”	I	Max. capacity (weighing range): 100...99999
			rAnG1“	I	Changeover point for dual-range scale: 0...99999 of nom. value, 0 = single-range scale
			rAnG2“	I	Changeover point for three-range scale: 0...99999 of nom. value, 0 = single/dual-range scale

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
4	„AdJ →				Scale adjustment parameters
		SEtUP →			
			...		
			CAL“	I	Calibration weight: 100...99999, CAL = CAP = 100 %
			EA_CL“	I	Gravitational acceleration at calibration location: 9.7000...9.9000
			EA_UL”	I	Gravitational acceleration at installation location: 9.7000...9.9000
		InPut →			Input known scale characteristic curve
			ZEro“	I	Value when scale is empty, but with initial load: ±99999 (0 = default = 0 mV/V)
			SPAn“	I	Value at calibration weight: ±99999 (20000 = default = 2 mV/V)
		MEAS →			Measure scale characteristic curve
			ZEro“	M	Actual display when scale is empty (OK with „ENTER“ key)
			SPAn“	M	Actual display when calibration weight on scale (OK with „ENTER“ key)

Parameter access types: D – display only, S – individual item selection, I – parameter input;
M – measurement

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
4	„Adj →				Scale adjustment parameters
		...			
		Lin →			Linearization correction between ZERo and SPAn ¹⁾
			diSP1“	I	Display value 1, condition: $0 < \text{diSP1} < \text{diSP2}$
			VAL1“	I	Measured value 1 for diSP1, ($0 < \text{VAL1} < \text{VAL2}$)
			diSP2“	I	Display value 2, condition: $\text{diSP1} < \text{diSP2} < \text{nom. resolution (CAP)}$
			VAL2“	I	Measured value 2 for diSP2, ($0 < \text{VAL1} < \text{VAL2} < \text{CAP}$)

Parameter access types: D – display only, S – individual item selection, I – parameter input; M – measurement

¹⁾ Linearization is switched OFF, when $\text{disp1}=\text{disp2}=\text{val1}=\text{val2}=0$, see Section 11 (page 71).



The WE2107 does **not** check whether the settings made are valid under OIML R76 or NTEP!

Scale adjustment is described in Section 10 (page 64).

The multi-range display is described in Section 10.

Taking gravitational acceleration into account is described in Section 19 (page 98).

The linearization function is described in Section 11 (page 71).

8.5.12 Restoring factory settings

This function can only be executed when the hidden pushbutton (for calling the parameter menu) is pressed.

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
4	„F_AdJ →				Restoring factory settings
		dEFLt“		S	See Section 23 (page 115)

Parameter access types: D – display only, S – individual item selection, I – parameter input; M – measurement

8.5.13 Switching off the device

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
0	„OFF“				Switch off the WE2107



Many of the parameters can also be entered via the PC interface (RS232 / RS485). The CD-ROM available as an accessory under order no. 1-WE2107-D0C not only contains full device documentation (Operating Manual), it also includes the *WE2107Panel* setup program. This PC software is used for measured value presentation and WE2107 configuration via the serial interface.

9 Filter selection

The WE2107 has two different filter stages. These are selected by the „SEtuP → FILt1“ parameter:

- Standard filter (bandwidth: 25...0.06 Hz)
- Fast-settling filter (bandwidth: 10...2 Hz)

The particular application determines which filter mode is selected.

The bandwidth is set by the „SEtuP → FILt2“ parameter.

A low bandwidth has a longer settling time and should be selected for greater accuracy.

Scale resolution (CAP parameter) and standstill recognition are interlinked. If standstill is not achieved, the filter bandwidth must be reduced.

For batching/filling applications, the bandwidth should be in the range 0.5...4 Hz (depending on accuracy and filling speed).

10 Scale adjustment

The scale is adjusted by setting the user characteristic curve on the WE2107, that is to say, the weighing indicators adapt to the actual output signals that the load cell supplies when the scale is not loaded or at nominal weight. Calibration weights are usually required for this, although the alternative is to input the measured values, if these are known.

The WE2107 is adjusted in the 0 and 2 mV/V range as what is called the factory characteristic curve (F_AdJ) (for the factory setting, see Section 8.5.12 (page 62) and Section 23 (page 115)).

10.1 Prerequisites for scale adjustment

Before the scale can be adjusted, the nominal range of the scale and other parameters must be set.

The prerequisites here are:

- The parameter menu is called via the hidden switch
- The „ScALE → ACCES“ parameter = 4 (access to all menus)
- The „ScALE → LEGAL“ parameter = oFF (legal-for-trade application switched off)
- Set the „AdJ → Unit...CAL“ parameter
- Set the „EA_CL“ parameter to the gravitational acceleration of the adjustment location
- The „EA_UL“ parameter = EA_CL (disable gravitational acceleration correction)
- Disable linearization („AdJ → Lin“: diSP1 = diSP2 = val1 = val2 = 0)

See Sections 8.5.10 (page 57) and 8.5.11 (page 59).

10.2 Maximum capacity adjustment at calibration weight (standard method, CAP = CAL)

In most scale applications, the adjustment is made at two points, that is to say, when the scale is not loaded and when a calibration weight is placed on it. Calibration is carried out as follows:

1. Call the „Adj“ menu.
2. Check that the calibration weight is the same as the maximum capacity („CAL“ == „CAP“).
3. Go to the „MEAS“ (measurement) sub-menu.
4. Zero value:
 - Leave the scale unloaded.
 - Call the „ZEro“ sub-menu.
 - The current measured value is displayed. The value is displayed in mV/V (2.0000 = 2 mV/V).
 - Wait for a steady measurement display.
 - Press the „ENTER“ key to store the value.
5. Calibration weight:
 - Place the calibration weight (= maximum scale capacity) onto the scale.
 - Call the „SPAn“ sub-menu.
 - The current measured value is displayed. The value is displayed in mV/V (2.0000 = 2 mV/V).
 - Wait for a steady measurement display.
 - Press the „ENTER“ key to store the value.

Use the „CE“ key to cancel at any time. This will reset the parameter that has just been called (and this one only!) to its former value. The former value is only deleted after storing.

The two values are stored internally at high resolution.

If the measurement display is too unsteady, reduce the filter bandwidth (Section 9, page 63).

Then the other parameters must be set.

10.3 Partial load adjustment with the calibration weight (CAL <> CAP)

If there is no calibration weight available in the quantity of the CAP maximum scale capacity, a partial calibration can be performed. The CAL parameter must be set to the value of the calibration weight used. This must be in the range 20 %...120 % of the maximum scale capacity. CAL is scaled like the display value (e.g. 2 kg = 2,000, with 3 decimal places).

Until a calibration has been performed, CAL is the same as CAP.



Before calibration, the „Adj → CAP“ parameter must be set to the maximum scale capacity!

Calibration is carried out as follows:

1. Call the „Adj“ menu.
2. Set the calibration weight („CAL“).
3. Go to the „MEAS“ (measurement) sub-menu.
4. Zero value:
 - Leave the scale unloaded.
 - Call the „ZEro“ sub-menu.
 - The current measured value is displayed. The value is displayed in mV/V (2.0000 = 2 mV/V).
 - Wait for a steady measurement display.
 - Press the „ENTER“ key to store the value.
5. Calibration weight:
 - Place the calibration weight (= „CAL“) onto the scale.
 - Call the „SPAn“ sub-menu.
 - The current measured value is displayed. The value is displayed in mV/V (2.0000 = 2 mV/V).
 - Wait for a steady measurement display.
 - Press the „ENTER“ key to store the value.

Use the „CE“ key to cancel at any time. This will reset the parameter that has just been called (and this one only!) to its former value. The former value is only deleted after storing.

The two values are stored internally at high resolution.

If the measurement display is too unsteady, reduce the filter bandwidth (Section 9, page 63).

Then the other parameters must be set.

10.4 Adjustment without a calibration weight (mV/V adjustment)

If there is no calibration weight available, an adjustment can be performed by entering the calculated values.

When scales have vast maximum capacities, it is often not possible to use calibration weights for adjustment. As the WE2107 is factory-calibrated to an input range of 2 mV/V, the user characteristic curve can also be determined using the known nominal value of the load cells. The zero value is defined by automatic measurement, but the nominal value is defined by manual input.

1. Measuring the zero value of the characteristic curve when the scale is not loaded:

- Call the „Adj“ menu.
- Go to the „MEAS“ (measurement) sub-menu.
- Zero value:
 - Leave the scale unloaded.
 - Call the „ZEro“ sub-menu.
 - The current measured value is displayed. The value is displayed in mV/V (2.0000 = 2 mV/V).
 - Wait for a steady measurement display.
 - Make a note of the measured value (mw0) for later input.
 - Press the „CE“ key to exit the measurement display.

2. Calculating the nominal value of the scale

As the WE2107 is factory-adjusted in mV/V, the nominal value can now be calculated in mV/V. The nominal value of the scale characteristic curve is composed of the zero value and the weighing range. As the zero value has already been measured, it only remains to define the weighing range.

$$\text{Weighing range} = \text{load cell sensitivity [mV/V]} * \frac{\text{maximum scale capacity}}{\text{maximum load cell capacity}}$$

The load cell sensitivity is normally 2mV/V (at maximum load cell capacity). The maximum load cell capacity is stated on the load cell identification plate. It holds that

$$\text{maximum scale capacity} < \text{maximum load cell capacity}$$

So the weighing range result is a value in mV/V.

3. Characteristic curve input

If you now add the value for the weighing range to the previously measured zero value, you obtain the nominal value of the scale (mw1). The characteristic curve can now be input:

- Call the „Adj“ menu.
- Go to the „InPut“ (input) sub-menu.
- Input the zero value (mw0) at Zero.
- Input the nominal value (mw1) at SPAn.

Scales with several load cells supply the nominal output signal (2 mV/V), if the weight that is on is the sum of all the maximum load cell capacities.

Example:

4 load cells connected in parallel, each at 20 t, sensitivity 2 mV/V.

Maximum capacity of the scale is 60 t.

→ Maximum load cell capacity := 4 * 20t = 80 t

→ Weighing range := 2 mV/V * 60t / 80 t = 1.5 mV/V



Adjustment in mV/V does not achieve the same accuracy as adjustment with calibration weights and so is only used for non legal-for-trade applications, where the accuracy is less.

10.5 Multi-range scale

The WE2107 can be operated as a single-range or multi-range scale.

Two parameters are available for this in the „AdJ → SEtuP“ parameter menu. The weighing range (CAP) must be set before this setting.

Scale type	Parameters
Single-range scale	$rAnG1 = rAnG2 = 0$
Dual-range scale	$0 < rAnG1 < CAP$ and $rAnG2 = 0$
Three-range scale	$0 < rAnG1 < rAnG2 < CAP$

The increment for two/three weighing ranges is automatically derived from the rES parameter, where this parameter always describes the increment of the first measuring range:

Examples:

„rES“ = 1d → increment range 2 = 2d → increment range 3 = 5d

„rES“ = 2d → increment range 2 = 5d → increment range 3 = 10d

10.6 Taking gravitational acceleration into account

The gravitational acceleration and thus the scale display, is dependent on the geographical data of the installation location. The maximum variation between the different regions within the Federal Republic of Germany is 0.1 %; worldwide, this is 0.6 %.

The function described below allows adjustment to take place on the scale manufacturer's premises, even if the device is to be operated at a different geographical location.

If the fault effect at the new installation location exceeds the scale accuracy limits, it is usually necessary to re-adjust. But instead of this, it is also possible to use an internal correction function in the WE2107 to compensate for the effect of the installation location.

To do this, in the „Adj → SEtuP“ menu, (access authorization required!), input:

- EA_CL = gravitational acceleration factor for the calibration location
- EA_UL = gravitational acceleration factor for the destination location (where the scale is used)

This must be input after scale adjustment.

Use the EA_CL = EA_UL setting to deactivate the correction calculation. The display is then always related to the location of the last calibration.

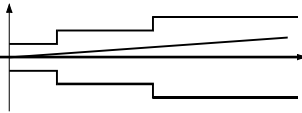
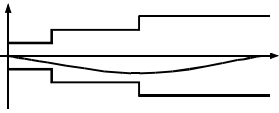
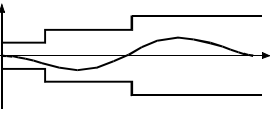


This setting is not required if the scale is adjusted in situ!

11 Linearization

For most scale applications, standard adjustment with the zero and full scale values (inPut or MEAS) is sufficient. The signal only needs to be linearized (Lin) if unacceptable errors occur with this method. Linearization corrects errors when scale structures have an output signal that is not proportional to the weight (because there are mechanical transmission elements, for example).

Correction selection via the „AdJ → Lin“ menu:

Calibration steps	Zero value, full scale ¹⁾	Two additional calibration weights	Two additional calibration weights
Recommended for:	Standard application	Structures with a linearity error	Structures with a linearity error
Possible to correct following errors:	Error proportional to the measured value	a maximum of the error char. curve	two maximums of the error char. curve
Example: (Scale output signal error, as per OIML)			

¹⁾ Zero and full scale value adjustment is already described in Section 10.

For the linearization method, proceed as follows:

- set the scale parameters
- calibrate the scale at 2 points (zero and calibration weights, Section 10 (page 64))
- measure the linearity error in the weighing range with two additional calibration weights:



Correction is only possible when performing measurements. It is not possible to input known values.

Linearization always takes place at two measurement points (actual values). First establish whether the error characteristic curve has one or two maximums (see above).

If the error characteristic curve has one maximum, the first measurement point is put at about 500 d = e (the narrowest part of the error characteristic curve). The second measurement point is put at the maximum of the error characteristic curve.

If the error characteristic curve has two maximums, the first measurement point is put at the first maximum. The second measurement point is put at the second maximum of the error characteristic curve.

The measurement points must fall within the weighing range (0...CAP).

The table below shows an extract from the parameter menu:

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
4	„AdJ →				Scale adjustment parameters
		...			
		Lin →			Linearization correction between ZERo and SPAn ¹⁾
			diSP1“	I	Display value 1, condition: $0 < \text{diSP1} < \text{diSP2}$
			VAL1“	I	Measured value 1 for diSP1, $(0 < \text{VAL1} < \text{VAL2})$
			diSP2“	I	Display value 2, condition: $\text{diSP1} < \text{diSP2} < \text{nom. resolution (CAP)}$
			VAL2“	I	Measured value 2 for diSP2, $(0 < \text{VAL1} < \text{VAL2} < \text{CAP})$

Parameter access types: D – display only, S – individual item selection, I – parameter input; M – measurement

¹⁾ Linearization is switched OFF, when $\text{diSP1}=\text{diSP2}=\text{val1}=\text{val2}=0$

Procedure for adjustment:

- The scale is already adjusted in its weighing range.
- Any linearization that may exist is switched OFF ($\text{diSP1} = \text{diSP2} = \text{val1} = \text{val2} = 0$).
- The scale is loaded with calibration weight 1 (→ display value 1 diSP1).
- The measurement display is noted for later input (→ measured value 1 VAL“).
- The scale is loaded with calibration weight 2 (→ display value 2 diSP2).
- The measurement display is noted for later input (→ measured value 2 VAL2).
- Input all four values in the „AdJ → Lin“ menu.

12 Legal-for-trade applications

Once the scale parameters are set and the scale adjusted in the „Adj“ menu, the WE2107 must be set to legal-for-trade applications (OIML or NTEP) using the „ScALE → LEGAL“ menu commands. This protects the legal-for-trade parameters against further change and the legal-for-trade counter, which cannot be reset, increases by one.



The WE2107 does **not** check whether the parameter settings made are valid under OIML R76 or NTEP!

Basic scale functions menu:

Ac- cess level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Ac- cess type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
0	„ScALE →				Basic scale functions
		Funct“		S	Basic scale function selection: StAnd – non-automatic scale/ FILL1 - Dosing function/ FILL2 - Tank weighing /Fill 1 / FILL3 - Tank weighing /Fill 2 /
		ACCES“		S	Menu access level selection: 0...4
		LEGAL“		S	Legal-for-trade operation: OFF / OIML / NTEP See Section 12 (page 73)

Parameter access types: D – display only, S – individual item selection, I – parameter input;
M – measurement

Before exiting the „ScALE“ menu, the two other parameters, „ScALE → Funct“ and „ScALE → ACCES“ must be set accordingly:

Funct parameter:

Standard (StAnd): non-automatic scale (NAWI) with/without limit value switches, counting scale

FILL1,2,3: Filling and dosing function (see Section 20, page 99)

ACCES parameter:

The various menu levels have what are called access levels. Parameter „ScALE → ACCES“ is used to define the access for changing parameters. The lowest level is zero. This feature is used to define user access to the parameters. The „ScALE → ACCES“ parameter is protected by the hidden pushbutton. The first parameter description column shows the relevant access level of each item in the main menu.

ACCES parameter	Access levels
0	0 only
1	0 and 1
2	0 to 2
3	0 to 3
4	all

The parameter menu comprises the following menu items and access levels:

Access level	Main menu level	Explanation	Legal-for-trade parameters ¹⁾
0	„InFo“	Information	-
1	„Print“	Printing	-
2	„SEtPt“	Limit values / filling parameters	-
2	„SEtuP“	Filters/ manual tare value / counting scale	-
3	„UArt1“	COM1 for the PC interface	-
3	„UArt2“	COM2 for the printer / external display	-
3	„Prt_S“	Real time setting, print protocol settings	-
3	„inPut“	IN1/2 digital inputs function	-
3	„buttn“	Function for setting function keys „F1“/„F2“	-
3	„tESt“	WE2107 test functions	-
0	„ScALE“	Basic scale functions	Yes
4	„AdJ“	Adjustment parameters	Yes
4	„F_AdJ“	Restores the factory settings	Yes
0	„oFF“	Switch off the device	-

¹⁾ Access only via hidden pushbutton

Now when you exit the parameter menu, all the legal-for-trade parameters are protected (display only, changes cannot be made).

The legal-for-trade counter can be read in the Information menu (Section 8.5.1, page 42).

Fill out the supplied insertion strip in accordance with the set application and insert in the front foil. Attaching the calibration label then secures the hidden switch and the insertion strip.

The calibration label is attached by the weights and measures office in compliance with the relevant national legislation.

The parameter menu can now only be called using the two keys „G/N“ and „>T<“.

If the scale has to be re-adjusted or new parameters have to be set that are relevant to calibration, proceed as follows:

- Remove the calibration label and the insertion strip.
- Call the parameter menu via the hidden key.
- Change the „ScALE → LEGAL“ parameter to OFF.
- Set the „ScALE → ACCES“ parameter to 4.

Setting the parameter to legal-for-trade applications produces the following display and tare ranges:

LEGAL setting	Display, lower limit value	Display, upper limit value
not legal for trade	-160 %	160 %
OIML	-2 %	CAP + 9 d
NTEP	-2 %	105 %

LEGAL setting	Tare range, lower limit	Tare range, upper limit
not legal for trade	-100 %	100 %
OIML, NTEP	>0	100 %

The % figures relate to the nominal weighing range („Adj → CAP“ menu).

The weighing indicators must be labeled and sealed in accordance with the scale application. Different labeling strips are included for use as a Class III and IIII non-automatic scale. The labeling strip must contain at least the following data:

Max Maximum scale loading
Min Minimum scale loading
e Increment
Typ Scale name
S.N. Individual scale serial number

In the case of legal-for-trade scales, verification must be performed by a nominated station, in accordance with current laws. The sealing and calibration labels must be attached in accordance with the authorization.

13 Functions of keys F1 and F2

Each function key can have two different functions:

short keystroke or

long keystroke (> 5 s).

The functions are set in the „buttn → “ parameter menu.

If the particular function is activated, when the relevant „F1“/„F2“ key is pressed in measuring mode, the corresponding function is briefly displayed. Do not use the function 'calculate total weight' if the dosing / filling function is active.

Function F1 or F2 (short keystroke)	
Description	Display
No function	---
Display actual measured value total (gross, net, counting)	totAL
Counting scale ON/OFF	C_on
Counting scale: Input number of reference pieces and measure reference pieces	C_inP
Print protocol PRT01...06, defined in the parameter menu „Print → rESLt → Prt“	Prt_x
Display ten-times resolution of gross value, for 5 s	rES10
Input manual tare value	PtArE
Hold display value ON/OFF	HoLd
Display / input filling weight (dosing function)	F_InP
Display / input filling result (dosing function)	FILL
Start/stop dosing (dosing function)	St_dO
Display input limit switch LS_1 → on_L (on level)	LS_1
Calculate total weight: SUM := SUM + Gross- value	AddG
Calculate total weight: SUM := SUM + NET- value	Addn
Calculate total weight: SUM := SUM + Counting_result	AddC

Function F1 or F2 (long keystroke, > 5 s)	
Description	Display
No function	---
Display actual measured value total (gross, net, counting)	totAL
Counting scale ON/OFF	C_on
Counting scale: Input number of reference pieces and measure reference pieces	C_inP
Print protocol PRT01...06, defined in the parameter menu „Print → rESLt → Prt“	Prt_x
Display ten-fold resolution of gross value, for 5 s	rES10
Input manual tare value	PtArE
Hold display value ON/OFF	HoLd
Display / input filling weight (dosing function)	F_InP
Display / input filling result (dosing function)	FILL
Start/stop dosing (dosing function)	St_dO
Start/stop tank filling	St_FL
Start/stop tank emptying	St_EP
Clear total weight (SUM:=0)	CLr_S

While the Hold function is activated about the keys F1/F2, the parameter menu cannot be activated.

14 Counting scale

When used as a counting scale (when weighing many equally heavy parts), the number of parts put on is displayed instead of the weight. This is **not** a legal-for-trade function and is only available if the relevant setting is made in the parameter menu („ScALE → Funct“ = StAnd).

The decimal point of the right digit position shows the standstill conditions (the unit is not displayed).

Activating the counting scale control functions

The counting scale functions are activated using keys „F1“ and „F2“. Two functions have been implemented:

Function F1 or F2	
Description	Display
Counting scale ON/OFF	C_on
Counting scale: Input number of reference pieces and measure reference pieces	C_inP

It is advisable to assign the function C_inP (reference measurement) to a function key with a long keystroke.

Activating the counting scale function (reference measurement)

Operation:

1. (Optional): Put a tank on and tare „>T<“.
2. Put the reference number of pieces of the parts to be counted into the tank (for example, 25 pieces).
3. Operate the device as shown in Figure 14-1 (The reference number of pieces is input in the same way as described in Section 8.4.2 (page 39), numeric input). Numeric input is concluded with „ENTER“ and the reference measurement is displayed (= weight of the parts put on). At standstill, store the reference measurement with the „ENTER“ key and the device then goes to counting scale mode.

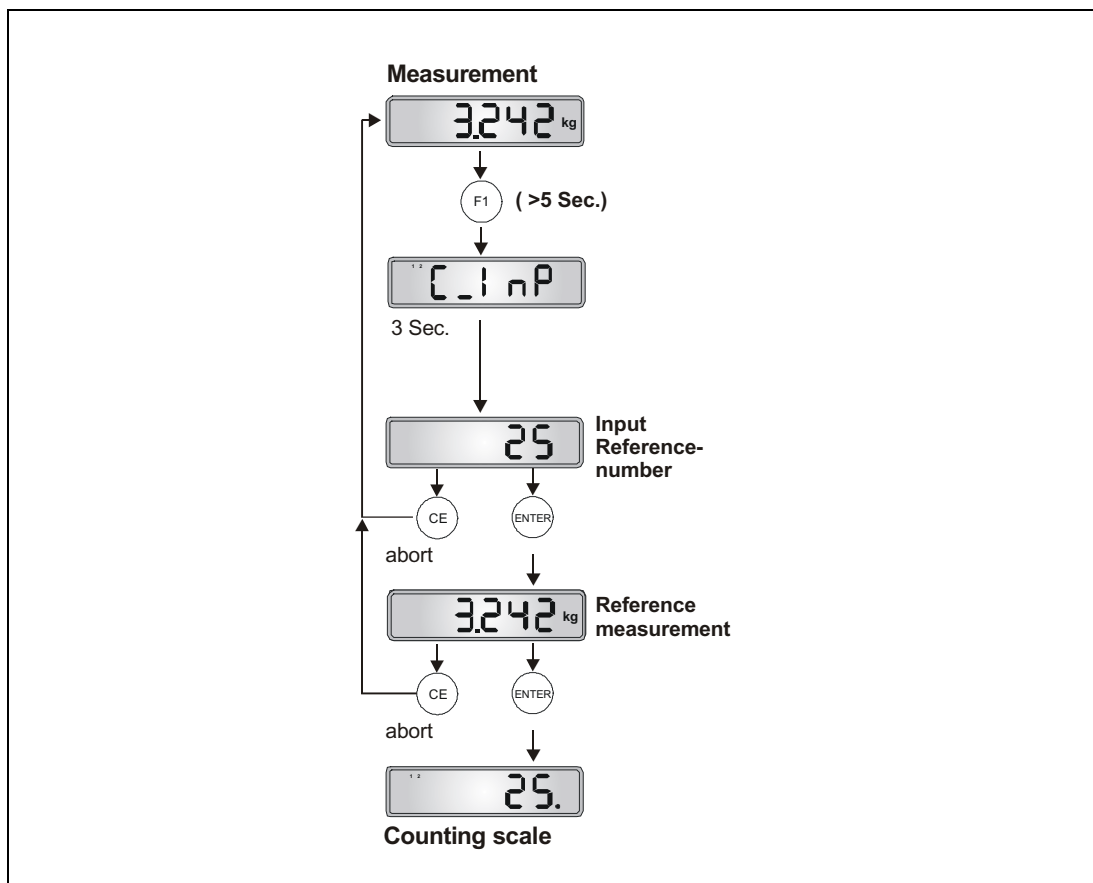


Fig. 14-1: Setting the counter scale (reference measurement)

To indicate that the counting scale function is active, the decimal point appears in the display to the left of the count value at standstill.

Then when other quantities are added, the new number is displayed. The accuracy of the scale is limited and there may be slight differences in the individual weights, so the display may not be the same as the actual number of pieces.

Switching the counting scale function on and off

Switch the counting scale function on and off as shown in Figure 14-2.

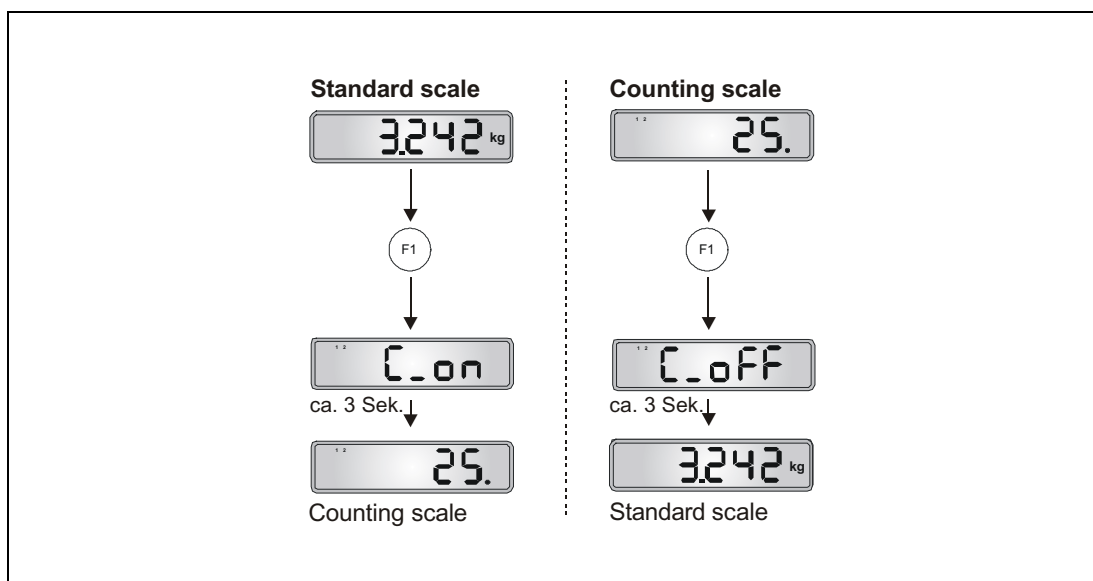


Fig. 14-2: Switching the counting scale function on and off

15 Print function

A printer to print out the weight values can be connected to the COM2 serial interface (RS232) of the WE2107.

15.1 Activating COM2 for the print function

Port COM2 is activated in the UArt2 menu.

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
3	„UArt2 →				COM2 for printer or external display
		Func“		S	Function selection: OFF - COM2 deactivated / P_dtr - printing, DTR-driven / P_dc1- Printing, DC1/DC3 protocol/ E_no - external display, no protocol, send only / E_dtr - external display, DTR-driven / E_dc1- external display, DC1/DC3 protocol
		bAudr“		S	Baud rate: 1200 / 2400 / 4800 / 9600 bd
		PArit“		S	Parity bit: 0 = none, 1 = even

Parameter access types: D – display only, S – individual item selection, I – parameter input; M – measurement

The WE2107 has two communications protocols to the printer:

- P_dtr = hardware protocol, driven by the DTR signal
- P_dc1 = software protocol, driven by DC1/DC3

Two escape sequences can be programmed to set the printer („Prt_S“ menu, Section 8.5.6 (page 50), see also *Part 2 of the WE2107 manual*).

ESC sequences are used to preset a printer and are transmitted before the actual printing information. What is in the ESC sequences will depend on the particular type of printer (see the printer manual).

15.2 Linking the WE2107 to the printer

“Funct“ function	COM2 signals WE2107	Link	Printer signals
P_dtr	TxD	→	RxD
	DTR	←	CTS
	GND	↔	GND
P_dc1	TxD	→	RxD
	RxD	←	TxD
	GND	↔	GND

COM2 connection is described in Sections 5.8 (page 26) / 5.9 (page 26).

15.3 Print protocol selection

The Print function is only accessible if COM2 is activated for printing.

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
1	„Print →				Printing
		rESLt →			Results
			Prt“	S	Selects a print protocol (1...6) and starts printing. This parameter is also valid for digital inputs IN1/2 and for printing via function keys „F1/2“.
		Par →			Parameter
			ALL”		Prints out all the parameters

15.4 Starting printing

- Via the Print\result parameter menu (see above)
- Via external input IN1 or IN2 (see „input“ menu, Sections 8.5.7, page 52 and 17, page 94)
- Via function keys „F1“ or „F2“ (see „buttn“ menu, Sections 8.5.8, page 53 and 13, page 77)

What is printed out depends on the operating state of the scale and always corresponds to what is shown on the display.

Printing only takes place when there is standstill, so the unit of measurement is always printed out. With non legal-for-trade applications, printing can take place as often as required.

With a legal-for-trade setting, the printout cannot be repeated. There must be a change in weight and a renewed standstill before there can be a new printout. There is no printing outside the display limits.

15.5 Different print protocols

- Prt1: Gross / NET / Tare
- Prt2: Gross / NET/ Tare for a counting scale
- Prt3: Gross / NET/ Tare with total weight (also for a counting scale)
- Prt4: Gross / NET/ Tare with total weight (also for a counting scale), after printing total weight cleared
- Prt5: Portion weighing (dosing)
- Prt6: Portion weighing (dosing), after printing, total weight cleared
- Prt7: Print parameters

Protocol Prt1:

Identstring 1			
Identstring 2			
Identstring 3			
Date	:	xx.xx.2xxx	
Time	:	xx.xx	
Scale_Ident	:	xxxxxxx	
Print_No	:	xxxxxxx	
Weight	G	:	xxx.xx kg
Weight	N	:	xxx.xx kg
Tara	:	xxx.xx kg	
Tara PT	:	xxx.xx kg	

The first three lines can only be input via the COM1 computer interface (see *Part 2 of the Manual*, **PST** command). Any content, to a maximum of 30 characters in each case, can be deposited here. These strings are inactive at the factory and the lines are not printed out.

The Scale_Ident line is the production number of the scale (given by the manufacturer).

In the case of the Weight lines, only the line with the gross value (G) or the net value (N) is printed out.

With the Tare lines, only the tare value or the manual tare value (PT) is printed out.

If a counter number has been input in the „Prt_S → IdEnt → nb“ menu, it will appear in an additional line above the measured value. To deactivate, set the counter number to 0.

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
3	„Prt_S →				Print protocol settings
		IdEnt →	nb”	I	Print protocol counter: 0...99999 (0=OFF)

15.6 Formatting the printout

To print a specific area of a form, the entire block can be shifted by the following parameters:

- E_Ch : Number of spaces before each line of print (= right indent)
- E_Ln1 : Number of blank lines before the start of the text block
- E_Ln2 : Number of blank lines at the end of the text block

With successive printouts, the gap between the text blocks is the same as the total of E_Ln1 and E_Ln2.

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
3	„Prt_S →				Print protocol settings
		IdEnt →	nb”	I	Print protocol counter: 0...99999 (0=OFF)
		Frt →			Format settings for the print protocol
			E_Ch”	I	Number of space characters in each line: 0...99
			E_Ln1”	I	Number of space lines before printing: 0...99
			E_Ln2”	I	Number of space lines after the protocol: 0...99

Parameter access types: D – display only, S – individual item selection, I – parameter input; M – measurement

PRT05 Dosing protocol						
Space characters (E_Ch)	Content		Value	Unit	Comments	Line
	Identstring 1				Blank lines (E_Ln1) max. 30 chars.	1
	Identstring 2				max. 30 chars.	2
	Identstring 3				max. 30 chars.	3
					one blank line (fixed)	4
	Date	:	xx.xx.2xxx		Date	5
	Time	:	xx.xx		Time	6
	Scale_Ident	:	xxxxxxx		Production number	7
	Print_No	:	xxxxxxx		Print counter	8
					one blank line (fixed)	9
	Weight (one portion)	N	xxx.xx	kg		10
					one blank line, if gross	11
	Tara	:	xxx.xx	kg	if net	11
					one blank line (fixed)	12
	Quantity	:	xxxxxx		number of dosages	13
					one blank line (fixed)	14
	Total	:	xxxxxxxx	kg	Cumulative weight	15
					Blank lines (E_Ln2)	
Printing width ≥ 30 characters						

15.7 Setting the date and time

The internal clock of the WE2107 is used to output the date and time when printing and has no significance for the remaining device functions. The settings are made in the „Prt_S“ menu. The clock continues to work when the device is switched off (battery backup).

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
3	„Prt_S →				Print protocol settings
		timE”		I	Xx:xx (real-time clock hours : minutes)
		modE“		S	Time mode selection: 24 h / 12 h am / 12 h pm
		dAtE →			Date, real-time clock
			dAY”	I	Day: xx
			month”	I	Month: xx
			YEAr”	I	Year: xx
		Init“			Print protocol settings, ESC sequences
			...		

Parameter access types: D – display only, S – individual item selection, I – parameter input;
M – measurement

Setup the time:

- setup the clock mode with the parameter ‘modE’.
- Setup the clock with the parameter ‘timE’
- Setup the date with the parameter ‘dAtE’

The difference in the parameter ‘modE’ for 12h mode is only to setup the clock at am or pm.

15.8 Summation function

Calculating the total weight

- with the function keys F1/2 (short keystroke, SUM:=SUM + Gross / Net- value / Counting result)
- with the concluding dosing function measurement (portion weighing, SUM:= SUM + filling result)

Do not use the F1/F2 keys 'calculate total weight' if the dosing / filling function is active.

Displaying the total weight

- Info parameter menu (see Section 8.5.1, page 42)
- function keys F1 or F2 (see Section 8.5.8, page 53)

Printing the total weight

- with print protocol prt03/4
- with print protocol prt05/6

Clearing the total weight (SUM:=0)

- with print protocol prt04
- with print protocol prt06
- with the function keys F1/2 (long keystroke)
- with the command **CSN**

16 Interface for a second display

An external, second interface can be connected to port COM2 (RS232). COM2 connection is described in Sections 5.8 (page 26) / 5.9 (page 26).

16.1 Activating COM2 for the second display

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
3	„UArt2 →				COM2 for printer or external display
		Funct“		S	Function selection: COM2 deactivated / P_dtr - printing, DTR-driven / P_dc1- Printing, DC1/DC3 protocol/ E_no - external display, no protocol, transmit only E_dtr - external display, DTR-driven / E_dc1- external display, DC1/DC3 protocol
		bAudr”		S	Baud rate: 1200 / 2400 / 4800 / 9600 bd
		PArit”		S	Parity bit: 0 = none, 1 = even
		EdSPL“			External display ON
			...		

Parameter access types: D – display only, S – individual item selection, I – parameter input; M – measurement

Three transmission protocols are available for communication:

- E_no = no protocol, transmit string only
- E_dtr = hardware protocol, DTR-driven
- E_dc1 = software protocol, driven by DC1/DC3

16.2 Linking the WE2107 to the second display

“Funct“ function	COM2 signals WE2107	Link	Second display signals
E_no	TxD GND	→ ↔	RxD GND
E_dtr	TxD DTR GND	→ ← ↔	RxD CTS GND
E_dc1	TxD RxD GND	→ ← ↔	RxD TxD GND

COM2 connection is described in Sections 5.8 (page 26) / 5.9 (page 26).

16.3 Selecting telegram content

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
3	„UArt2 →				COM2 for printer or external display
					
		EdSPL →			External display ON
			St_Ch“	I	Start character: 0...31 (0=OFF)
			Prot“	S	Telegram selection: 0 = OFF / 1 = gross, net (long)/ 2 = gross, net, tare (long)/ 3 = filling result / 4 = gross/net (short, with decimal point) / 5 = gross/net (short, without decimal point)
			E_Ch1”	I	End character 1: 0...31 (0=OFF)
			E_Ch2“	I	End character 2: 0...31 (0=OFF)
			CrC”	S	Checksum: OFF/ON

Parameter access types: D – display only, S – individual item selection, I – parameter input; M – measurement

Each telegram can start with a „St_Ch“ start character. Then the information is transmitted. The end character and the checksum can be transmitted after this information, if desired.

The checksum is an XOR operation of all the transmitted characters (start character to end character 2).

The content of the information string is described in *Part 2 of the Operating Manual*, **EDP** command.

Approximately 5 telegrams per second are transmitted.

17 Function of the digital inputs

The WE2107 has two digital inputs that can be assigned different functions.

- Operating the scale with external operator controls (on a vehicle scale, for example)
- PLC control
- Using a tilt switch to monitor scale installation
- Disabling all parameters

The input connection is described in Section 5.7 (page 25).

The menu to assign a function to each input is described in Section 8.5.7 (page 52). The function is also dependent of the mode of operation of the scale („ScALE → Funct“ parameter).

Digital input IN1:

Parameters „InPut → inP_1“	Function for a non-automatic scale („ScALE → Funct“ = „StAnd“)
oFF	No function
tArE	Tare (→ net display)
Prt	Start printing
tiLt	Scale tilted (→ display [tilt] instead of the measured value)

Parameters „InPut → inP_1“	Function for an automatic scale („ScALE → Funct“ = „FILL1...3“)
oFF	No function
tArE	Stop filling / dosing
Prt	Start printing
tiLt	Scale tilted (→ display [tilt] instead of the measured value)

Digital input IN2:

Parameters „InPut → inP_2“	Function for a non-automatic scale („ScALE → Funct“ = „StAnd“)
oFF	No function
tArE	Tare (→ net display)
Prt	Start printing
LoC	Parameter lock

Parameters „InPut → inP_2“	Function for an automatic scale („ScALE → Funct“ = „FILL1...3“)
oFF	No function
tArE	Start dosing
Prt	Start printing
LoC	Parameter lock

Input function - taring:

Standard mode of scale operation:

The input acts as a tare key (see Section 7.3, page 33). A short high-low-high pulse is all that is needed to activate it (minimum length 10 ms).

In the Dosing mode of scale operation, this function is fixed as the start/stop input for the dosing and filling function.

A short high-low-high pulse is all that is needed to activate it (minimum length 10 ms). As soon as it is activated, the relevant digital outputs become inactive.

Input function - printing:

The print function must be set (Section 15, page 82) and the protocol to be printed selected in the „Print → rESLt → Prt“ menu (Section 8.5.2, page 43) before this function can be used.

Input function - scale tilted:

A tilt sensor can be connected here. If the scale tilts too far, this should activate the input, so that the measurement errors do not get too big. A delay time can be set for the display (Section 8.5.7 (page 52), „inPut → t_dLY“ parameters).

Input function - parameter lock:

A key-operated switch can be connected here. If this input is active, the two keys „G/N“ and „>T<“ are disabled , as is the parameter menu. Only the two function keys can be operated.

17.1 Electrical properties and level assignment

The inputs must be assigned to ground by a pushbutton/switch (see Section 5.7, page 25). An open input is an inactive input. The inputs are inactive when they leave the factory.

The input voltage range is described in the specifications (Section 27, page 129).

	“inactive” (High level)	“active” (Low level)
Status when switch is connected	Input open (quiescent level approx. 5 V)	Input connected to ground
TAR, Print , Stop	no action	Function is executed
Parameter lock	can be changed	Parameter disabled
Tilt switch	Measurement display	Display [tilt]

The scale functions (TAR, Print, Stop) are performed once when the contact closes. Avoid undefined levels and vibrations at the inputs.

18 Function of the digital outputs

The WE2107 has four programmable switching outputs. The basic function is defined by the „ScALE → Funct“ menu (see Section 8.5.10, page 57):

„ScALE → Funct“ menu	Function	see Section
Stand	Limit values with hysteresis	19 (page 98)
FILL1/2/3	Filling / dosing control	20 (page 99)

The control outputs of the device are implemented as high-side outputs, switching to the device ground. The table below explains the level assignment.

Output	Output voltage level
inactive	Low
active	High

Loads (relays, lamps, etc.), are to be switched to ground (see Section 5.5, page 24). A free-wheeling diode must be switched in parallel for inductive loads (e.g. relay).



If there is excess current, the particular output switches off. The WE2107 detects this state and generates a relevant error message (see Section 24, page 117). To reset the thermal cut-out, switch off the WE2107 for about 30...60 s.

19 Limit values

The WE2107 has four programmable switching outputs. Each channel becomes active when the activation value is exceeded and inactive when the value falls below the deactivation figure. The different values give a free choice of hysteresis. The values can be related to the gross or the net weight, as desired; this is not dependent on the current display mode.

The parameters for the limit value switches are described in Section 8.5.3 (page 44).

The active limit value channels are indicated on the display by the symbols 1 and 2 (only for single-range scales, as otherwise the symbols are used to display the range).

Parameter „LEvEL“	Actual weight	Limit value status	Output voltage level
true	below deactivation value	inactive	Low
true	above activation value	active	High
false	below deactivation value	inactive	High
false	above activation value	active	Low
	between activation and deactivation value	status is unchanged	

Loads (relays, lamps, etc.), are to be switched to ground (see Section 5.5, page 24). A free-wheeling diode must be switched in parallel for inductive loads (e.g. relay).



If there is excess current, the particular output switches off. The WE2107 detects this state and generates a relevant error message (see Section 24, page 117). To reset the thermal cut-out, switch off the WE2107 for about 30...60 s.

20 Batching and tank weighing

20.1 Overview

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
0	„ScALE →				Basic scale functions
		Funct“		S	Basic scale function selection: StAnd - non-automatic scale/ FILL1 - Dosing function/ FILL2 - Tank dosing and filling / FILL3 - Tank dosing and filling /

Parameter access types: D – display only, S – individual item selection, I – parameter input;
M – measurement

20.2 Batching (FILL1, portion weighing)

A portion is to be filled into a container. This container is connected to the scale. A tank contains the filling material. But the tank is not on the scale.

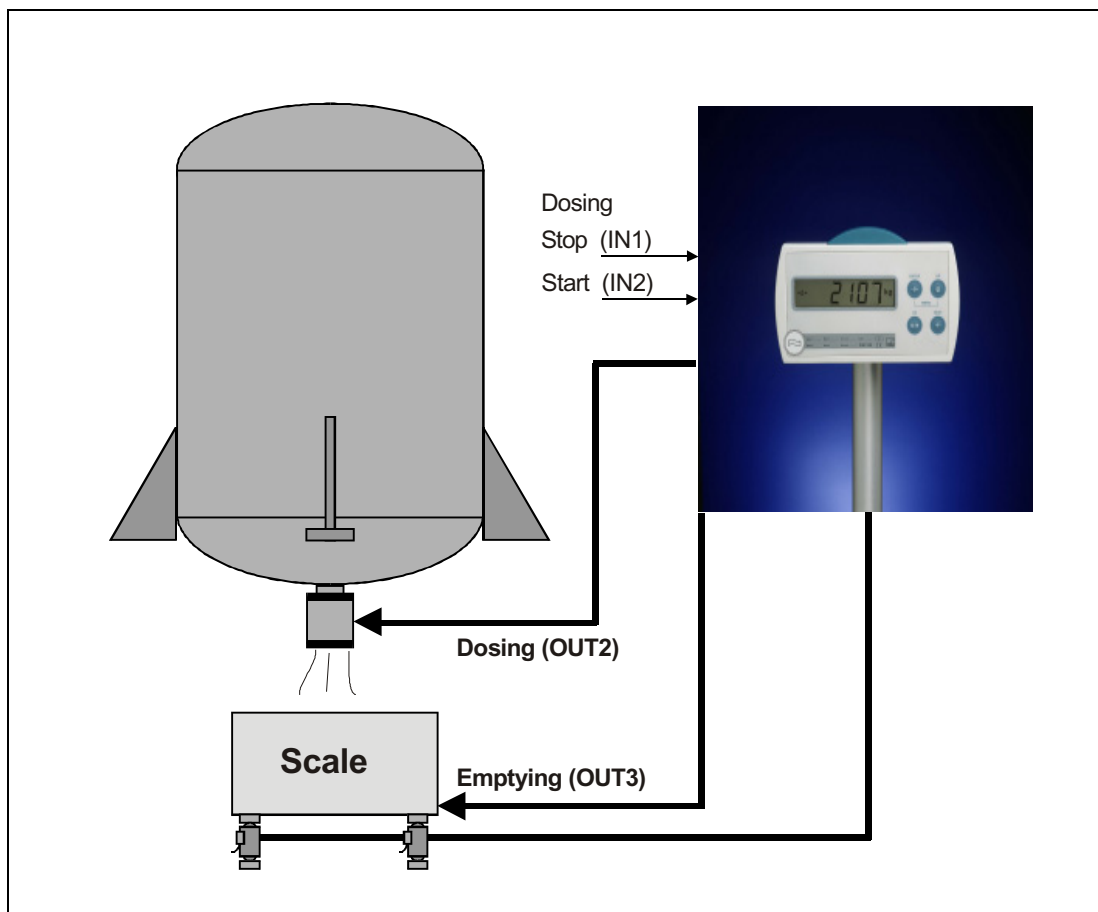


Fig. 20.2-1: FILL1, portion weighing

20.2.1 Digital inputs/outputs

Digital I/O	Function with FILL1
IN1	Stop dosing: Set „inPut → inP_1“ = „tArE“ parameters
IN2	Start dosing: Set „inPut → inP_2“ = „tArE“ parameters
OUT1	Ready signal
OUT2	Coarse flow control
OUT3	Emptying
OUT4	Error

Inputs IN1/2 can also be set to other functions, if the input functions described are not required (see Sections 8.5.7 (page 52) and 17 (page 94)).

20.2.2 Parameters

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
2	„SEtPt →				Filling parameters
		LS_1 →			Not in use
			inPut“	S	No function
			LEvEL“	S	No function
			oFF_L”	I	Not in use
			on_L”	I	Not in use

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
		LS_2 →			Target weight and changeover point when dosing
			inPut“	S	No function
			LEvEL“	S	No function
			oFF_L”	I	Course flow cut-off point, ±99999
			on_L”	I	Dosing target weight, ±99999
		LS_3 →			Dosing with tolerance weight
			inPut“	S	No function
			LEvEL“	S	No function
			oFF_L”	I	Lower tolerance weight, ±99999
			on_L”	I	Upper tolerance weight, ±99999
		LS_4 →			Maximum start weight
			inPut“	S	No function
			LEvEL“	S	No function
			oFF_L”	I	Maximum start weight for dosing, ±99999
			on_L”	I	No function
		FiLL →			Filling time parameters
			doS_t“	I	Maximum dosing time 0=OFF; 1...99999 * 0.1 s
			EtY_t”	I	Emptying time 0=OFF; 1...99999 * 0.1 s
			rES_t”	I	Residual flow time 0=OFF; 1...99999 * 0.1 s
			tAr_t“	I	Tare time 0=OFF; 1...99999 * 0.1 s

Parameter access types: D – display only, S – individual item selection, I – parameter input; M – measurement

If the target weight is changed, then „LS_2 → oFF_L“ := „LS_2 → on_L“ * 0.9

20.2.3 Description of the dosing cycle

- Start the batching process (external input / key / **RUN** command).
- Monitor the start weight. Start is not executed if the actual gross weight exceeds a limit value („LS_4 → oFF_level“).
- Start time monitoring („SEtPt → FiLL → doS_t“).
- Tare (must be activated with („SEtPt → FiLL → tar_t“ > 0), change over to NET value monitoring. Taring takes place after this waiting time.
- Start coarse flow (activate OUT2).
- If the NET weight is the same or more than the coarse flow cut-off point („LS_2 → oFF_L“), then stop coarse flow (deactivate OUT2).
- Wait for the residual flow time („SEtPt → FiLL → rES_t“).
- Concluding measurement: If there is standstill, the filling result is stored („InFo → FiLL“), the total weight (**SUM**) is calculated, and the dosing counter (**NDS**) is incremented.
- If the parameter is „SEtPt → FiLL → EtY_t“ > 0, output OUT3 is activated for this emptying time.
- Stop time monitoring („SEtPt → FiLL → doS_t“), activate ready signal (OUT1).
- Quick message [READY] on the display (for 3 s).

If the dosing result is outside the tolerance („LS_3 → on/oFF_L“), the alarm output (OUT4) is activated. The result („InFo → FiLL“) is OK, if the following equation is valid:

$$„LS_3 \rightarrow oFF_L" \leq „InFo \rightarrow FiLL" \leq „LS_3 \rightarrow on_L"$$

If the dosing result („InFo → FiLL“) is outside the tolerance, the optimization function changes the cut-off point parameter („LS_2 → oFF_L“).

$$Diff := „LS_2 \rightarrow on_L" - „InFo \rightarrow FiLL" \quad (\text{target weight} - \text{dosing result})$$

$$Diff1 := Diff * \text{correction factor}$$

$$„LS_2 \rightarrow oFF_L" := „LS_2 \rightarrow oFF_L" + Diff1 \quad (\text{new cut-off value})$$

The correction factor depends on:

 Target weight / FRS * 100	<2 %	2...4 %	>4 %
Correction factor	0.25	0.5	1.0

If the dosing time exceeds the maximum filling / dosing time („SEtPt → FiLL → doS_t“), the process is interrupted immediately and the alarm output (OUT4) becomes active.

During dosing, the process can be aborted via input IN1 or key „F1“/„F2“ or by the **BRK** command.

20.3 Tank weighing (FILL2)

A portion is to be filled into a barrel / a container / a sack. This barrel / container / sack is not connected to the scale. The tank is mounted on the scale.

There are three main tasks:

- Filling the tank
- Weighing portions (batching) from the large tank into a smaller tank
- Emptying the tank (for maintenance)

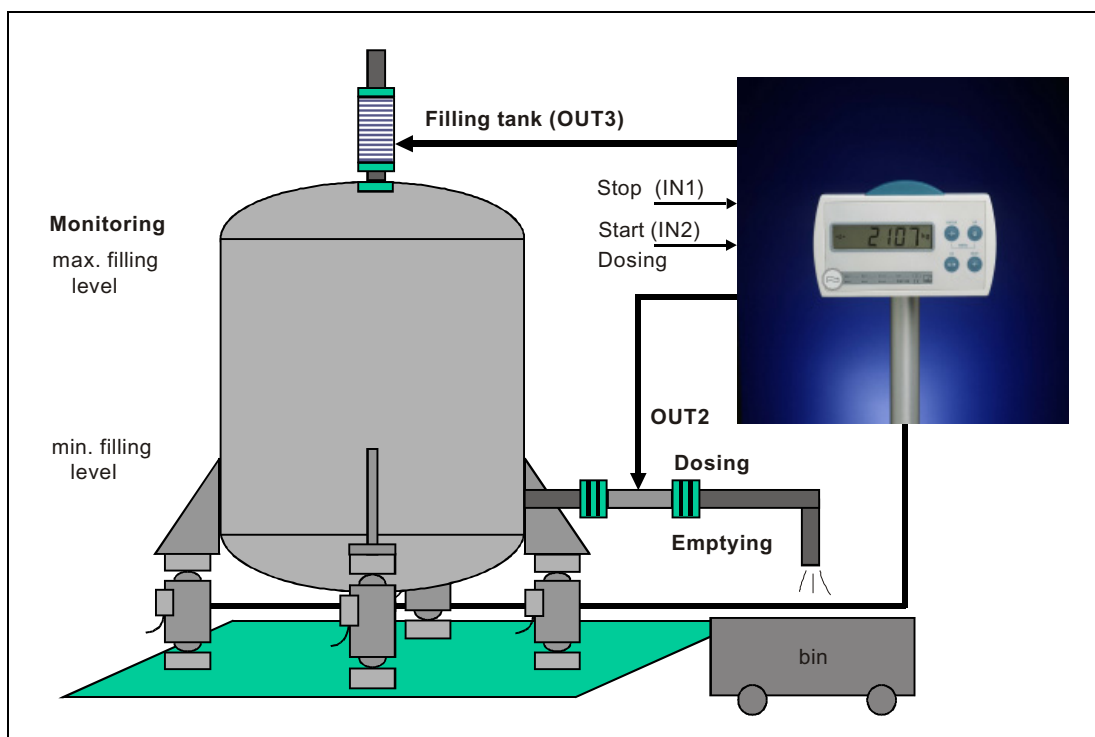


Fig. 20.3-1: Filling

20.3.1 Digital inputs/outputs

Digital I/O	Function with FILL2
IN1	Stop process (filling/dosing/emptying) Set „inPut → inP_1“ = tArE parameters
IN2	Start dosing: Set „inPut → inP_2“ = „tArE“ parameters
OUT1	Ready
OUT2	Coarse flow control (dosing) / emptying the tank
OUT3	Tank filling
OUT4	Error

Inputs IN1/2 can also be set to other functions, if the input functions described are not required (see Sections 8.5.7 (page 52) and 17 (page 94)).

20.3.2 Parameters

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
2	„SEtPt →				Filling parameters
		LS_1 →			Tank filling
			inPut“	S	No function
			LEvEL“	S	No function
			oFF_L”	I	Tank filling: Cut-off value, ±99999
			on_L”	I	Tank filling: Target value, ±99999

Access level	Main menu level	Second menu level	Third menu level	Access type	Sub-menu explanation
	1	2	1 2		1 2 (flashing) = parameter input / selection
		LS_2 →			Target weight and changeover point when dosing
			inPut“	S	No function
			LEvEL“	S	No function
			oFF_L”	I	Course flow cut-off point, ±99999
			on_L”	I	Dosing target weight, ±99999
		LS_3 →			Dosing with tolerance weight
			inPut“	S	No function
			LEvEL“	S	No function
			oFF_L”	I	Lower tolerance weight, ±99999
			on_L”	I	Upper tolerance weight, ±99999
		LS_4 →			Max./min. filling weight of the tank
			inPut“	S	No function
			LEvEL“	S	No function
			oFF_L”	I	Minimum filling weight of the tank, ±99999
			on_L”	I	Maximum filling weight of the tank, ±99999
		FiLL →			Filling time parameters
			doS_t“	I	Maximum dosing time 0=OFF; 1...99999 * 0.1 s
			EtY_t”	I	Emptying time 0=OFF; 1...99999 * 0.1 s
			rES_t”	I	Residual flow time 0=OFF; 1...99999 * 0.1 s
			tAr_t“	I	Tare time 0=OFF; 1...99999 * 0.1 s

Parameter access types: D – display only, S – individual item selection, I – parameter input; M – measurement

If the target weight is changed, then „LS_2 → oFF_L“ := „LS_2 → on_L“ * 0.9

20.3.3 Description of the dosing cycle (portion weighing)

- Start the batching process (external input / key / **RUN** command).
- Start is not executed if the actual gross weight is below a limit value („LS_4 → oFF_L” = min tank level).
- Deactivate ready signal (OUT1).
- Start time monitoring („SEtPt → FiLL → doS_t”).
- Tare (must be activated with („SEtPt → FiLL → tar_t” > 0), change over to NET value monitoring. Taring takes place after the waiting time.
- Start coarse flow (activate OUT2).
- If the NET weight is the same or more than the coarse flow cut-off point, then stop coarse flow (deactivate OUT2).
- Wait for the residual flow time („SEtPt → FiLL → rES_t”).
- Concluding measurement: If there is standstill, the filling result is stored („InFo → FiLL”), the total weight (SUM) is calculated, and the dosing counter (NDS) is incremented.
- End time monitoring („SEtPt → FiLL → doS_t”).
- Quick message [READY] on the display (for 3 s), activate ready signal (OUT1).

The target weight of the batching process is defined in parameter „LS_2 → on_L”.

The coarse flow cut-off point is parameter „LS_2 → oFF_L”.

If the dosing result is outside the tolerance („LS_3 → on/oFF_L”), the alarm output (OUT4) is activated. The result is OK, if the following equation is valid:

$$„LS_3 \rightarrow oFF” < = „InFo \rightarrow FiLL” < = „LS_3 \rightarrow on_L”$$

If the dosing result („InFo → FiLL”) is outside the tolerance, the optimization function changes the cut-off point parameter („LS_2 → oFF_L”).

$$Diff := „LS_2 \rightarrow on_L” - „InFo \rightarrow FiLL” \quad (\text{target weight} - \text{dosing result})$$

$$Diff1 = Diff * \text{correction factor}$$

$$„LS_2 \rightarrow oFF_L” := „LS_2 \rightarrow oFF_L” + Diff1 \quad (\text{cut-off value})$$

The correction factor depends on:

Target weight / FRS * 100	<2 %	2...4 %	>4 %
Correction factor	0.25	0.5	1.0

If the dosing time exceeds the maximum filling / dosing time, the process is interrupted immediately and the alarm output (OUT4) becomes active.

During dosing, the process can be aborted via input IN1 or key „F1“/„F2“ or by the **BRK** command.

20.3.4 Description of tank filling

- Start the filling process with keys „F1“ or „F2“ (long keystroke).
- Deactivate ready signal (OUT1).
- Start time monitoring („SEtPt → FiLL → doS_t“), change over to gross value monitoring.
- Activate output OUT3.
- If the weight is the same or more than the target filling weight, abort the filling process (deactivate OUT3).
- Wait for the residual flow time („SEtPt → FiLL → rES_t“).
- End time monitoring („SEtPt → FiLL → doS_t“).
- Quick message [READY] on the display (for 3 s), activate ready signal (OUT1).

The target weight of the filling process is defined in parameter „LS_1 → ON_level“.

If the filling time exceeds the maximum filling / dosing time („SEtPt → FiLL → dos_t“), the process is interrupted immediately and the alarm output (OUT4) becomes active.

During filling, the process can be aborted via input IN1 or key „F1“/„F2“ or by the **BRK** command.

Start is not executed if the actual gross weight exceeds a limit value („LS_4 → ON_level“ = max. tank filling weight).

20.3.5 Description of the emptying function

- Start the emptying process with keys „F1“ or „F2“ (long keystroke).
- Start time monitoring („SEtPt → FiLL → doS_t“), change over to gross value monitoring.
- Activate output OUT2.
- If the gross weight is equal to or less than zero or if the emptying time (EtY_t) has expired, abort the process (deactivate OUT2).
- Wait for the residual flow time („SEtPt → FiLL → rES_t“).
- End time monitoring („SEtPt → FiLL → doS_t“).
- Quick message [READY] on the display (for 3 s).

20.4 Tank weighing (FILL3)

A portion is to be filled into a barrel / a container / a sack. This barrel / container / sack is not connected to the scale. The tank is mounted on the scale.



The functions in connection with FILL3 are the same as for FILL2. The only difference is that function FILL3 controls the emptying of a tank with a separate valve (output OUT4).

20.4.1 Digital outputs

Digital I/O	Function with FILL3
IN1	Stop process (filling/dosing/emptying) Set „inPut → inP_1“ = tArE parameters
IN2	Start dosing: Set „inPut → inP_2“ = „tArE“ parameters
OUT1	Ready
OUT2	Coarse flow control (dosing)
OUT3	Tank filling
OUT4	Emptying the tank

Inputs IN1/2 can also be set to other functions, if the input functions described are not required (see Sections 8.5.7 (page 52) and 17 (page 94))

20.4.2 Parameters

See Section 20.3.2 (page 106)

20.4.3 Description of the dosing cycle (portion weighing)

See Section 20.3.3 (page 108)

20.4.4 Description of tank filling

See Section 20.3.4 (page 109)

If the filling time exceeds the maximum filling / dosing time (doS_t), the process is aborted immediately (no alarm output).

20.4.5 Description of the emptying function

- Start the emptying process with keys „F1” or „F2” (long keystroke).
- Start time monitoring („SEtPt → FiLL → doS_t”), change over to gross value monitoring.
- Activate output OUT4.
- If the gross weight is equal to or less than zero or if the emptying time (EtY_t) has expired, abort the process (deactivate OUT4).
- Wait for the residual flow time („SEtPt → FiLL → rES_t”).
- End time monitoring („SEtPt → FiLL → doS_t”).
- Quick message [READY] on the display (for 3 s).

21 Analog output (4...20 mA)

The analog output connection is described in Section 5.7 (page 25).

The burden (load resistance) is in the range 100...500 Ω . The WE2107 supply voltage U_B must be at least 18 V.

The analog output has a resolution of 10 bits and an accuracy of 8 bits.

After scale adjustment, the weighing range of the WE2107 is output as follows:

Load	Output current
no load	4 mA
Max. capacity	20 mA

The input value of the current output is the gross value. A switch between Gross and Net has no influence to the output current.

There is no need to make a setting.

22 Alibi and calibration memory

The WE2107 is equipped with a large EEPROM in which to store the legal-for-trade parameters. Each time there is a printout, this memory also stores the most important information of the print protocol (alibi memory).

22.1 Calibration memory

The calibration memory contains up to 32 records of the last adjustment data (legal-for-trade parameters):

Parameters	Menu item in the ADJ menu
Legal-for-trade counter	InFo \ CALC
Calibration date	-
Calibration time	-
Legal for trade	ScALE \ LEGAL
Factory characteristic curve, zero	-
Factory characteristic curve, full scale	-
Scale characteristic curve, initial load	ZEro
Scale characteristic curve, full scale	SPAn
Linearization, point 1	diSP1
Linearization, point 1	VAL1
Linearization, point 2	diSP2
Linearization, point 2	VAL2
Max. capacity	CAP
Grav. acceleration, calibration site	EA_CL
Grav. acceleration, installation site	EA_CU
Partial load weight	CAL
Unit	UnIt
Initial zero setting	AZEro
Zero tracking	ZtrAc
Motion detection	StiLL
Increment	rES
Decimal point	Point
Multi-range, switch point 1	rAnG1
Multi-range, switch point 2	rAnG2

Each time there is a new adjustment, a new record is written to the EEPROM.

It is possible to read this information with the WE2107 panel program. A special read command is needed for access to these records within the EEPROM.

22.2 Alibi memory

The alibi memory contains up to 8,000 records of the last printouts. A record contains the following data:

- print number
- date
- time
- gross value
- tare value
- unit
- decimal point

The entire memory is organized as a FIFO memory (First in / First out). Each time there is a printout (apart from a parameter printout), a new data record is stored.

It is possible to read this information with the WE2107 panel program. A special read command is needed for access to these records within the EEPROM.

This function is useful, as it allows you to compare a printed sheet with this information.

23 Parameter factory settings

When the WE2107 is delivered, it comes with specific factory settings:

- The internal factory characteristic curve is adjusted to 0 and 2 mV/V
- The (5-digit) production number is entered

As the WE2107 has undergone certain tests during production, the following information can deviate from zero:

- Legal-for-trade counter („InFo → VAL → CALC“ menu)
- ADC overflow counter („InFo → VAL → AdC“ menu)
- Sensor overflow counter („InFo → VAL → SEnS“ menu)

Parameters	Default value	Explanation
Limit values 1...4		deactivated
Dosing time parameters	0	deactivated
Filter mode	0	Standard filter
Filter	3	2 Hz
Manual tare value	0	deactivated
Reference number of pieces	0	Counting scale deactivated
COM1, address	31	
COM1, baud rate	9600	
COM1, parity bit	even	
COM2, function	OFF	deactivated
COM2, baud rate	9600	
COM2 parity bit	even	
Printing, ESC sequences	0	deactivated
Digital inputs IN1/2	OFF	no function
Function keys F1/2	OFF	no function
Basic scale function	Standard	non-automatic scale
Menu access	4	unrestricted
Legal-for-trade operation	OFF	deactivated
Unit	OFF	no unit of measurement
Initial zero setting	OFF	deactivated
Zero tracking	OFF	deactivated
Standstill monitoring	OFF	deactivated
Increment	1d	
Decimal point	0	right
Max. capacity	6000	
Multi-range scale	0	deactivated
Calibration weight	6000	Max. capacity adjustment
Gravitational acceleration correction	9.8102	deactivated
Scale char. curve, zero	0.0000 mV/V	
Scale char. curve, nom. value	2.0000 mV/V	
Linearization		deactivated

When restoring to the factory settings („F_AdJ → dEFLt“ menu), the parameters described above are set to their default values.

24 Monitoring functions and error messages

24.1 Monitoring functions

The following monitoring functions are implemented for load cell connection:

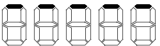
- Detecting an open sensor input
- Monitoring the excitation voltage (nominal value 5 V, error if <3 V)
- Sensor input signal exceeds the range -160 %...+160 % of the maximum capacity (CAP)

There are also other monitoring functions available:

- Short-circuit of one or more digital outputs
- ADC overflow
- Error when communicating with the EEPROM (parameter storage)
- External supply voltage too low
- Internal supply voltage too low

Error message display:

To indicate an error, [Erxxx] appears on the display for 3 s (xxx is the error code). The last two errors can also be read in the parameter menu („InFo”).

Error message	Meaning	Remedy
 (marks above) Error code =36	Measured value above the max. display range (depending on the set scale standard)	Reduce scale loading. Check set max. capacity: CAP parameter in „Adj“ menu.
 (marks below) Error code = 38	Measured value below the min. display range (depending on the set scale standard)	For net display: Change over to gross, zero balance or possibly readjusting the scale
(marks middle) Error code = 68	Open load cell signal input	Check load cell connection
tilt	External tilt sensor became active.	Reduce tilt of the whole scale.

24.2 Error messages

The error code is subdivided into different sections:

- hardware errors
- load cell errors
- parameter errors
- communication errors

Hardware errors:

Error code	Description	Recovery
128	several hardware errors simultaneously	
129	internal EEPROM	→ repair
130	external EEPROM	→ repair
131	ADC overflow	→ repair
132	ADC underflow	→ repair
133	external supply voltage too low for analog output (4...20 mA)	check external voltage supply
134	digital output overload	eliminate short-circuit
135	internal supply voltage too low	→ repair

Load cell errors:

Error code	Description	Recovery
64	several load cell errors simultaneously	
65	input signal > 160 % (> 3.2 mV/V)	check load cell / connection
66	input signal < -160 % (< -3.2 mV/V)	check load cell / connection
67	excitation voltage too small (< 3V)	check load cell / connection

Parameter errors:

Error code	Description	Recovery
32	several errors simultaneously	
33	SFA – SZA < 2000 d (10 %), internal factory characteristic curve too sensitive	→ repair
34	LWT – LDW < 2000 d, scale characteristic curve too sensitive	new scale adjustment
35	faulty linearization parameter, LIN1 > LIN2 or LIM1 > LIM2	check parameter, Section 11 (page 71)
36	gross value overflow	reduce load
37	faulty linearization adjustment	repeat, Section 11
38	gross value underflow	set to zero, re-adjust scale
39	faulty initial zero setting (outside range or no standstill)	do not load scale before switching on
40	faulty zeroing	check steadiness of measured value (poss. set a higher filter), new scale adjustment
41	faulty taring	check steadiness of measured value (poss. set a higher filter),
42	dosing time exceeded	check flow of material when dosing
43	dosing start weight too high	empty scale beforehand
44	tank filling too low (not enough material for next batch)	top up with material
45	cumulative weight overflow	use print function to clear sum (Prt4 or 6, see Section 15.5, page 85)
46	Printing failed	No stand still within 5s, print command cleared

Communication errors:

Error code	Description	Recovery
16	several errors simultaneously	
17	input parameter outside input range	see <i>Description Part 2</i>
18	unknown command	
19	incorrect password (DPW command)	see <i>Description Part 2</i>
20	write-protected parameter	legal-for-trade application activated
21	print time timeout	Check status of the printer
22	Legal-for-trade counter overflow (TCR command)	→ repair
23	COM1 parity / framing error	check COM interface setting

25

Maintenance and cleaning

Please note the following points when cleaning the housing:

- Before cleaning, disconnect the device from the power supply.
- Clean the housing with a soft, slightly damp (not wet!) cloth. Under no circumstances use cleaners that contain scouring agents or solvents, as these can attack the front panel labeling and the display!

The WE2107 contains a battery (type: CR2032, lithium, not rechargeable), to back up the integrated real-time clock. Please change the battery in case of service or recalibration.

At normal ambient temperatures (-10...+40 °C), the battery will last for about 3 years .

To replace the battery, proceed as follows:

- Disconnect the WE from the voltage supply
- Open the housing
- Remove the old battery and dispose of it in an environmentally sound manner
- Insert the new battery (positive pole at the top)
- Close the device
- Set the date and time (see Sections 8.5.6 (page 50) and 15 (page 82))

26 Mechanical dimensions and mounting information

26.1 WE2107 dimensions (plastic housing, ABS)

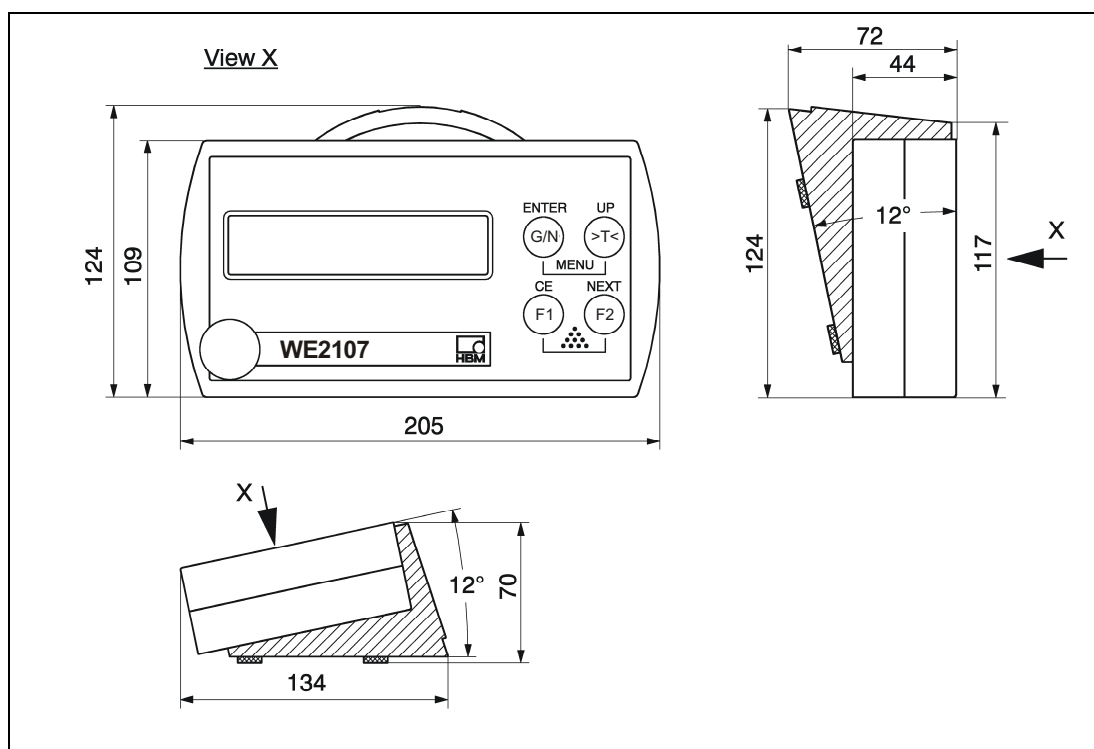


Fig. 26.1-1: WE2107 dimensions (plastic housing, ABS)

26.2 WE2107M dimensions (stainless steel front panel)

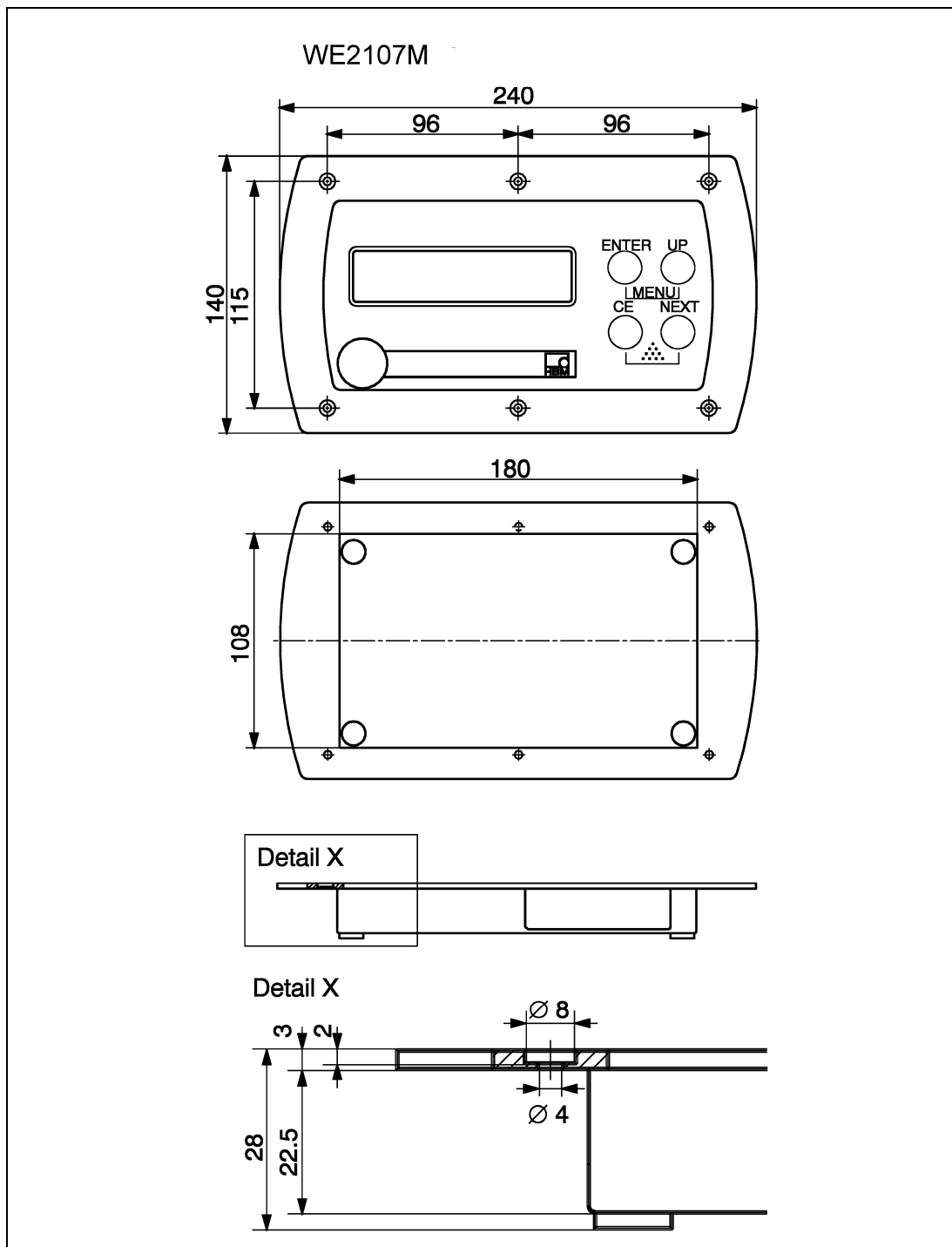


Fig. 26.2-1: WE2107M dimensions (stainless steel front panel)

26.3 Wall mounting (WE2107, plastic housing)

The housing of the WE2107 is designed to allow it to be fitted to the wall without the mounting elements being visible. The assembled device must be positioned and locked in place as shown in Figure 26.3-2. As the wall bolts are not visible, the assembly base of the housing has sloping guides so that the bolt position can be determined by touch.

Two bolts are required (countersunk head bolts included among the items supplied) with an 86 mm gap. With this type of assembly, the bolts are locked in place to secure the housing and prevent the forces that occur in everyday use from lifting it off. Using one of the following types of bolt is a prerequisite:

- cylinder head bolts, 4 mm diameter shaft, without thread.
- countersunk head bolts, diameter below the head max. 3.5 mm. When mounting with plugs, suitable bolts include 4.0 * 50 mm chipboard bolts, with the thread finishing about 10 mm below the head.

Please make sure that the bolt heads are the correct distance from the wall (in mm):

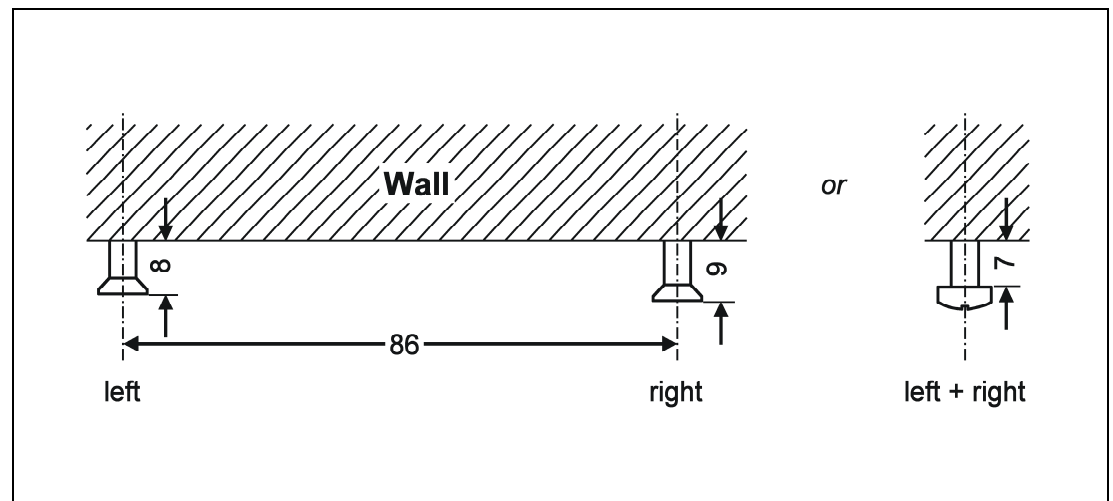


Fig. 26.3-1: Wall mounting – bolt head distances

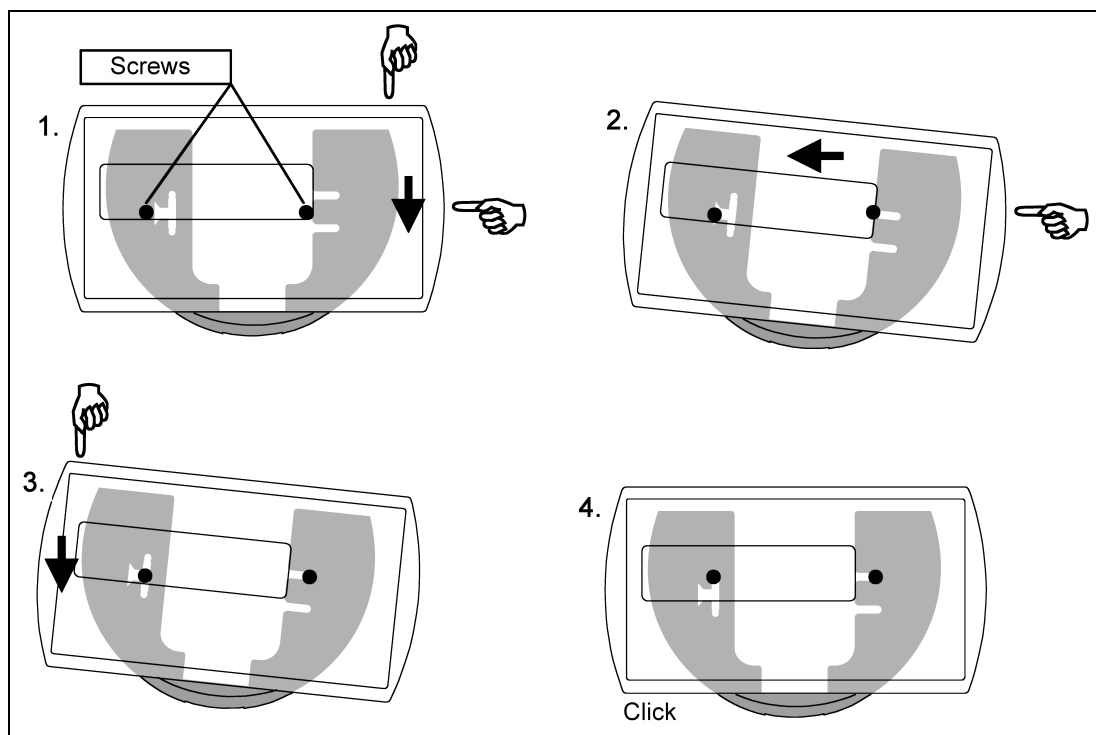


Fig. 26.3-2: Movement sequence for wall mounting

26.4 Mounting on a stand (WE2107 in plastic housing)

Free-standing scales can be mounted on a stand. This must have a plate with four holes as shown in Figure 26.4-1 for attaching the WE2107. If the design allows, the cables can be routed invisibly inside the stand. To make it more stable, the plate should fit in the space between the rubber feet, or these should be removed.

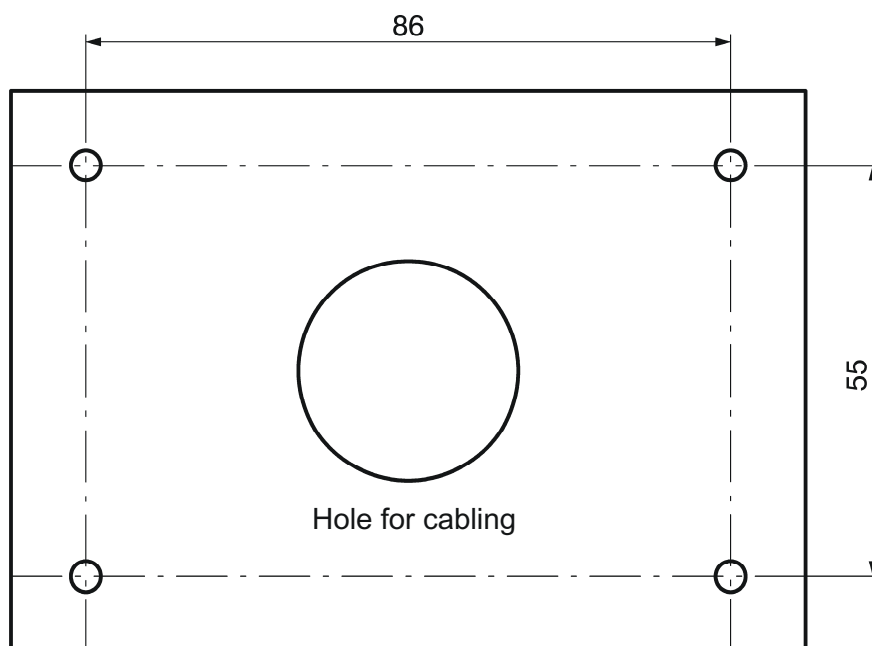


Fig. 26.4-1: Mounting on a stand – attaching the WE2107

Take the following steps to mount the device:

1. Remove the mounting base from the back of the device by loosening the two bolts.
2. Attach the mounting base to the stand plate with the four M4 bolts.
3. Run the cables through the glands and connect them to the electronics.
4. Close the two halves of the housing and join them together with the two bolts. Pull the cables a little way out of the glands.
5. Attach the closed housing to the mounting plate with the two bolts. If applicable, run the cables into the conduit inside the stand.

26.5 Using as a desktop device (WE2107 in plastic housing)

The WE2107 is equipped with four rubber feet to allow it to be located on horizontal surfaces. These generally ensure that it stays securely in place and stop it sliding away when the keys are operated.

It is also possible to attach it in the same way as for wall-mounting. If there is access to the mounting surface from underneath, the holes for the stand mounting can also be used. If you leave the feet on the device for this, make sure that you do not over-tighten the bolts and warp the mounting base.

To tilt the control panel towards the user, fit the mounting base with the curved part upward.

26.6 Panel mounting (WE2107M with stainless steel front panel)

The device is mounted in a panel with six bolts.
See Section 26.2 (page 123).



The IP65 degree of protection for the WE2107M type only applies to the front!

26.7 Sealing / legal-for-trade capability

The weighing indicators must be labeled and sealed in accordance with the scale application. Different labeling strips are included for use as a Class III and IIII non-automatic scale.

The labeling strip must contain at least the following data:

- Max** maximum scale loading
- Min** minimum scale loading
- e** minimum verification interval
- Typ** scale name
- S.N.** individual scale serial number

In the case of legal-for-trade scales, verification must be performed by a nominated station, in accordance with current national laws. The sealing and calibration labels must be attached in accordance with the authorization.

26.8 Notes on the achievable degree of protection

Note that the housing can only be guaranteed to be leak-proof if:

- the opening for the calibration pushbutton and the labeling strip on the front of the device are sealed (by a calibration label or by the enclosed adhesive label).
- all the glands are tight and round cables of a suitable diameter have been used.
- any glands that have not been used are sealed with the enclosed blanking plugs.
- the two halves of the housing fit properly.

27 Specifications

Property	Unit	Range
Type		WE2107, WE2107M
Accuracy		
OIML R76, Class III or IIII	d = e	6000
Multi-range applications	d = e	2 * 3000, 3 * 2000
Sensitivity	$\mu\text{V} / \text{e}$	≥ 0.8
Load cell connection		6-wire connection
Excitation voltage	V_{DC}	5
minimum resistance	Ω	58
maximum resistance	Ω	2000
Number of load cells (700 Ω)		1...8
Number of load cells (350 Ω)		1...6
Nominal input signal	mV / V	± 2.0
Maximum input signal	mV / V	± 3.2
Maximum cable length	m	100
ADC		
Resolution	Bit	24
Maximum data transfer rate	/ s	200
Display		
LCD with backlighting and status symbols		5 digits
Character height	mm	20
Output rate	/ s	5
Keys		
Number		4
Function keys		2
Analog output	mA	4...20
Burden	Ω	100...500
Resolution	bits	10
Resolution / d	μA	78

Property	Unit	Range
Type		WE2107, WE2107M
Digital I/O		
Number of digital inputs		2
Input voltage IN1/2, Low	V	0...1.0
Input voltage IN1/2, High	V	3...30
Input resistance IN1/2	kΩ	10
Number of digital outputs		4
Type		High side switch
max. output current / output	A	0.6
Voltage supply, outputs	V	12...30, 24 nominal
Outputs are protected against short-circuits		
Serial interface (COM1)		
Baud rate	bd	1200,...,38400
Parity bit		none / even
Data bits	bits	8
Stop bit	bits	1
Type for WE2107		RS232
RS232, signals		RxD, TxD, GND
max. cable length, RS232	m	25
Type for WE2107M		RS485 (2-wire)
RS485, 2-wire, signals		TRxA, TRxB
max. cable length, RS485	m	500
Voltage supply UB		
Range (without connected analog output)	V _{DC}	12...30, 24 nominal
Range (with analog output)	V _{DC}	18...30, 24 nominal
Power consumption	W	6
Current (with 8 load cells)	mA	300
Peak current on startup	mA	450

Property	Unit	Range
Type		WE2107, WE2107M
Ambient conditions		
Temperature range		
nominal	°C	-10...+50
extended	°C	-20...+60
storage	°C	-40...+85
relative humidity, non-condensing		
in operation	%	20...85
storage	%	10...90
Housing, WE2107		
Degree of protection to EN60529 (IEC529)		IP65
Material		ABS, halogen-free
Dimensions (W * H * D)	mm	205 * 124 * 72
Weight, approx.	kg	1
Connections		4
Connection, cable diameter	mm	5...7
Housing, WE2107M		
Degree of protection to EN60529 (IEC529) only for the front		IP65
Material (front)		stainless steel
Dimensions (W * H * D)	mm	200 * 140 * 28
Weight, approx.	kg	1

The WE2107 is not sensitive to HF irradiation and conducted interference in accordance with OIMLR76, EN45501(1992) and EN61326-1(1997),+A1(1998) and EN61326-1,chart. 4..

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